UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information
on Federal Awards Programs

September 30, 2013

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

September 30, 2013 and 2012

Table of Contents

Introduction

The following discussion presents an overview of the financial position and financial activities of the University of South Alabama (the University), including the University of South Alabama Hospitals (the Hospitals), a division of the University, at September 30, 2013 and 2012 and for the years then ended. This discussion was prepared by University management and should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes thereto, which follow.

The basic financial statements of the University consist of the University and its component units. The financial position and results of operations of the component units are either blended with the University's financial position and results of operations or are discretely presented. The treatment of each component unit is governed by pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. As more fully described in note 1 to the basic financial statements, the University of South Alabama Professional Liability Trust Fund, University of South Alabama General Liability Trust Fund and USA HealthCare Management, LLC are reported as blended component units. The University of South Alabama Foundation, the University of South Alabama Health Services Foundation, and the USA Research and Technology Corporation are discretely presented.

Financial Highlights

At September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, the University had total assets of $1,042,345,000, $983,800,000, and $920,197,000, respectively; total liabilities of $549,355,000, $530,289,000, and $503,301,000, respectively; and net position of $492,990,000, $453,511,000, and $416,896,000, respectively. University net position increased by $39,479,000 during the year ended September 30, 2013 compared to an increase of $38,389,000 for the year ended September 30, 2012 and a decrease of $2,375,000 for the year ended September 30, 2011.

An overview of each statement is presented herein along with a financial analysis of the transactions impacting each statement. Where appropriate, comparative financial information is presented to assist in the understanding of this analysis.

Analysis of Financial Position and Results of Operations

Statement of Net Position

The statement of net position presents the assets, liabilities, and net position of the University at September 30, 2013 and 2012. Net position is displayed in three parts: net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. Restricted net position may either be expendable or nonexpendable and are those assets that are restricted by law or external donor. Unrestricted net position is generally designated for specific purposes, and is available for use by the University to meet current expenses for any purpose. The statement of net position, along with all of the University's basic financial statements, is prepared under the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred by the University, regardless of when cash is exchanged.

Assets included in the statement of net position are classified as current or noncurrent. Current assets consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, investments, and net patient accounts receivable. Of these amounts, cash and cash equivalents, investments, and patient accounts receivable comprise approximately 41%, 39%, and 9%, respectively, of current assets at September 30, 2013. Noncurrent assets at September 30, 2013 consist primarily of capital assets, restricted cash and cash equivalents, and restricted investments.

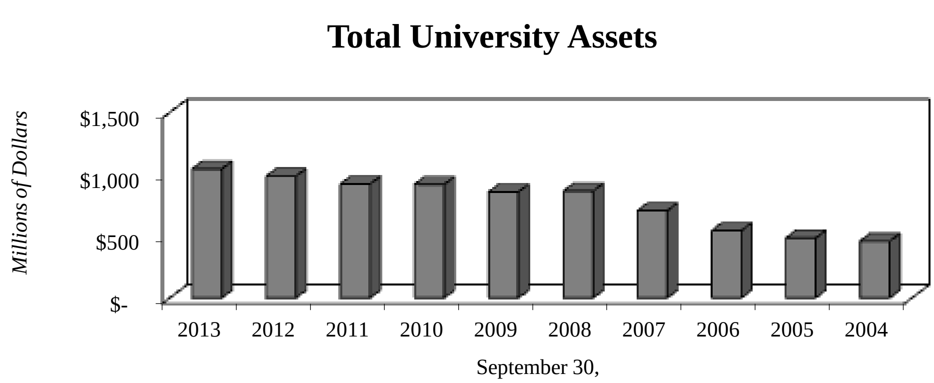
The Condensed Schedule of Net Position at September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 follows (in thousands):

Condensed Schedule of Net Position

		2013	2012	2011
Assets:				
Current	$	333,828	292,041	263,608
Capital assets		565,830	533,199	489,031
Other noncurrent		142,687	158,560	167,558
Total assets	$	1,042,345	983,800	920,197
Liabilities:				
Current	$	115,149	115,088	96,895
Noncurrent		434,206	415,201	406,406
Total liabilities	$	549,355	530,289	503,301
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	$	227,464	227,029	208,442
Restricted, nonexpendable		36,864	33,825	31,146
Restricted, expendable		54,364	48,201	43,227
Unrestricted		174,298	144,456	134,081
Total net position	$	492,990	453,511	416,896

University cash, cash equivalents, and investments (current and noncurrent) increased between September 30, 2012 and 2013 by $47,820,000 to $395,468,000. This increase is due primarily to the issuance of the 2013-A, 2013-B and 2013-C bonds, net of the utilization of cash from prior bond issues for various construction projects. This follows an increase of $28,418,000 in cash, cash equivalents, and investments between 2011 and 2012, which was due primarily to the issuance of the 2012-A and 2012-B bonds.

Total assets of the University as of September 30 are as follows:



Net position represents the residual interest in the University's assets after liabilities are deducted. Net position is classified into one of four categories:

Net investment in capital assets represents the University's capital assets less accumulated depreciation and outstanding principal balances of the debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

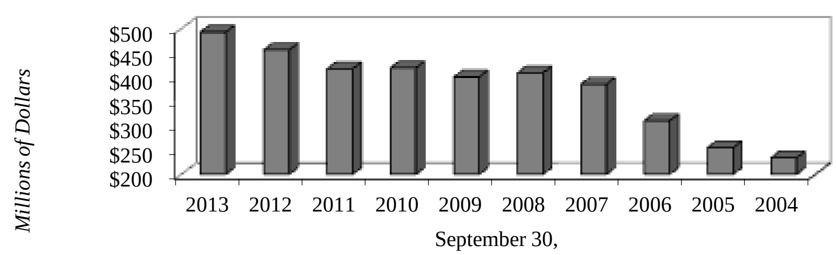
Restricted nonexpendable net position consists primarily of the University's permanent endowment funds. While earnings from these funds may be expended, the corpus may not be expended for any reason and must remain intact with the University in perpetuity.

Restricted expendable net position is subject to externally imposed restrictions governing their use. The funds are restricted primarily for debt service, capital projects, student loans, and scholarship purposes.

Unrestricted net position represents those net assets not subject to externally imposed stipulations. Even though these funds are not legally restricted, the majority of the University's unrestricted net position has been internally designated for various projects, all supporting the missions of the University. Unrestricted net position includes funds for various academic and research programs, auxiliary operations (including the bookstore, student housing and dining services), student programs, capital projects and general operations.

Net position of the University as of September 30 is as follows:

University Net Position



All categories of restricted net position increased by approximately 11.2% between September 30, 2012 and 2013, primarily due to the addition of restricted gifts and grants to the University. Unrestricted net position increased from $144,456,000 to $174,298,000 between September 30, 2012 and 2013 reflecting the results of University financial operations during fiscal year 2013.

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Changes in total University net position as reported in the statement of net position are based on the activity presented in the statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The purpose of this statement is to present the change in net position resulting from revenues earned by the University, both operating and nonoperating, and the expenses incurred by the University, both operating and nonoperating, as well as any other revenues, expenses, gains, and losses earned or incurred by the University.

Generally, operating revenues have the characteristics of exchange transactions and are received or accrued for providing goods and services to the various customers and constituencies of the University. These include hospital patient care services, tuition and fees (net of scholarship discounts and allowances), most noncapital grants and contracts and revenues from auxiliary activities and sales and services of educational activities (primarily athletic activities). Operating expenses are those expenses paid or incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for the operating revenues, and to carry out the mission of the University.

Nonoperating revenues have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions and are revenues generally earned for which goods and services are not provided, such as investment income, capital appropriations, gifts and other contributions. State appropriations are required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board to be classified as nonoperating revenues. Nonoperating expenses are those expenses required in the operation and administration of the University, but not directly incurred to acquire or produce the goods and services provided in return for operating revenues. Such nonoperating expenses include interest on the University's indebtedness and losses related to the disposition of capital assets.

The Condensed Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011 follows (in thousands):

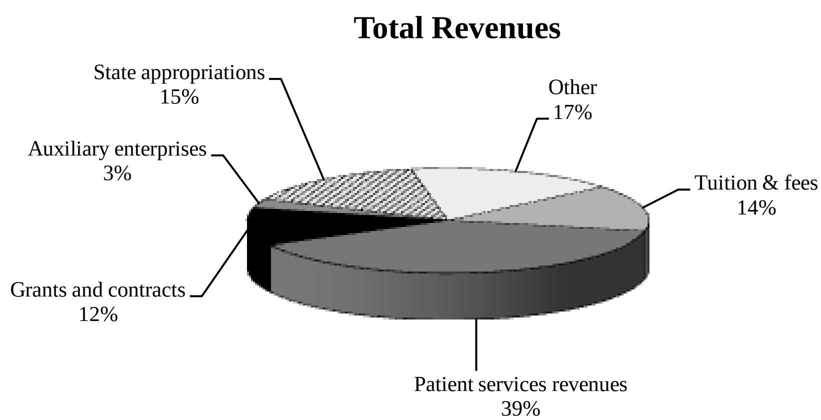
Condensed Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

		2013	2012	2011
Operating revenues:				
Tuition and fees	$	95,709	88,299	81,557
Net patient service revenue		258,207	247,802	227,039
Federal, state and private grants and contracts		77,302	76,448	79,780
Other		52,388	56,579	47,790
		483,606	469,128	436,166
Operating expenses:				
Salaries and benefits		401,872	396,170	390,002
Supplies and other services		148,597	134,841	136,749
Other		51,651	51,222	53,224
		602,120	582,233	579,975
Operating loss		(118,514)	(113,105)	(143,809)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
State appropriations		102,585	105,639	96,948
State appropriated – ARRA Funds		—	—	10,769
Investment income (loss)		28,159	14,561	(6,335)
Other, net		11,986	12,197	13,375
Net nonoperating revenues		142,730	132,397	114,757
Income (loss) before capital appropriations, capital contributions and additions to endowment		24,216	19,292	(29,052)
Capital appropriations, capital contributions and additions to endowment		15,263	19,097	26,677
Change in net position		39,479	38,389	(2,375)
Beginning net position, before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		453,511	416,896	419,271
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		—	(1,774)	—
Beginning net position – as adjusted		453,511	415,122	419,271
Ending net position	$	492,990	453,511	416,896

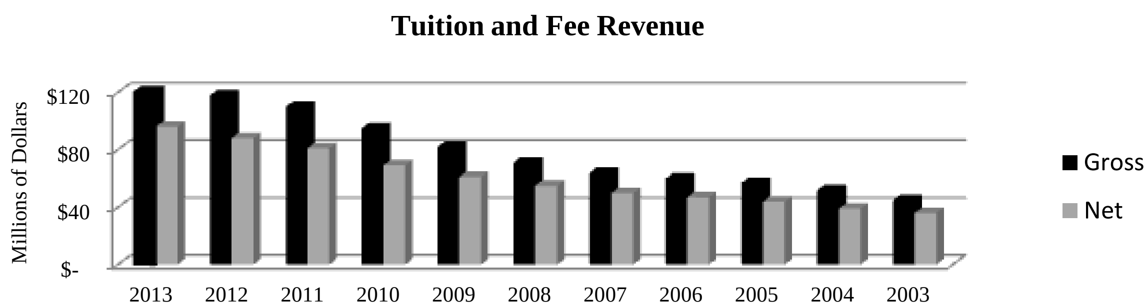
(Continued)

In 2013, 2012, and 2011, approximately 39%, 39%, and 38%, respectively, of total revenues of the University were net patient service revenue. Excluding net patient service revenue, state appropriations represent the largest component of total university revenues, approximately 15% of total revenues in fiscal 2013. Also in 2013, net tuition and fees charged to students and grants and contracts (federal, state and private) represented approximately 14% and 12% of total revenues, respectively.

A summary of University revenues for the year ended September 30, 2013 is presented below:



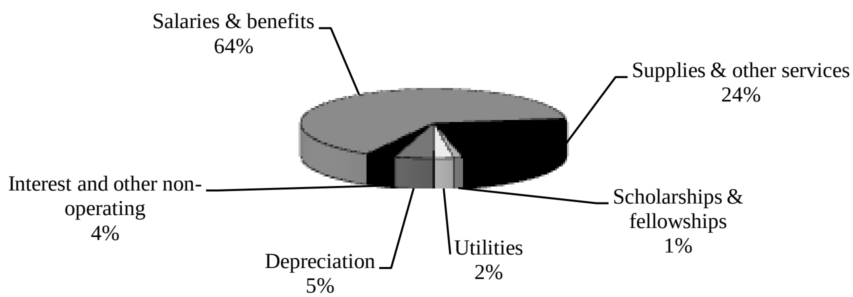
Tuition and fees have increased in each of the last ten years. These increases are due primarily to increases in tuition and fee rates charged to students as well as to an increase in the number of students enrolled and credit hours taken by those students. Additionally, net tuition and fees as a percent of total operating revenues continue to increase, from 9.5% of operating revenues in 2002 to 19.8% in 2013. Tuition and fees, gross and net of scholarship allowances, for the past eleven fiscal years are as follows:



Capital contributions and grants decreased from $15,103,000 in 2012 to $10,871,000 in 2013 due to a decrease in grant funds received for construction of Shelby Hall. The University recognized $1,236,000 in capital appropriations in 2013, compared to $239,000 in 2012. The 2013 appropriations were utilized in the renovation of the Student Center.

University expenses are presented using their natural expense classifications. A summary of University expenses for the year ended September 30, 2013 is presented below:

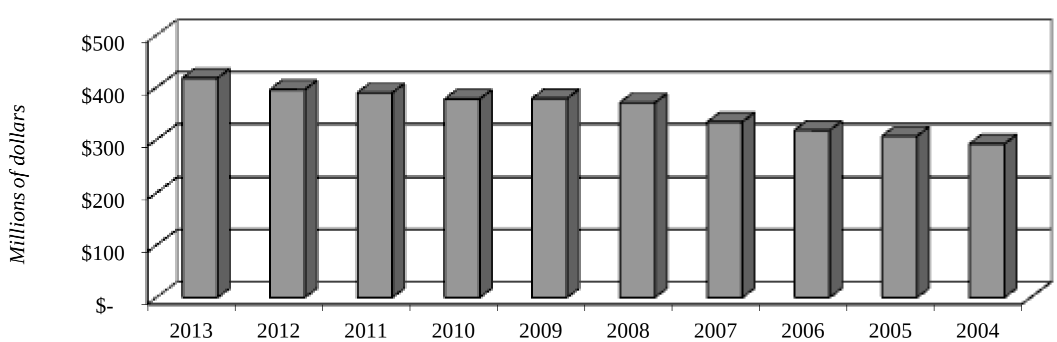
Total Expenses



While the University reports its expenses on a natural expense classification basis, functional classifications represent expenses categorized based on the function within the University. Such University functions include instruction, research, public service, academic support, student services, institutional support, scholarships, and operation and maintenance of plant. Expenses related to auxiliary enterprise activities and the hospitals are presented separately. Functional expense information is presented in note 15 to the basic financial statements.

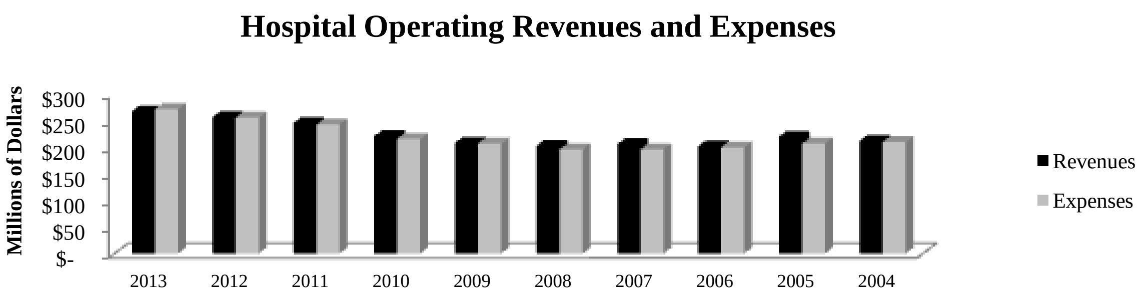
In 2013, 2012, and 2011, approximately 67%, 68% and 67%, respectively, of the University's total operating expenses were salaries and benefits. After steady increases from 2004 to 2008, salaries and benefits have been consistent since 2008, as follows:

Total Salaries and Benefits Expense



For the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, the University reported an operating loss of approximately $118,514,000, $113,105,000, and $143,809,000, respectively. Operating losses are offset partially by state appropriations, which are reported as nonoperating revenue. After adding state appropriations and other nonoperating revenues and expenses, (primarily capital appropriations, capital contributions, and additions to endowment) the total change in net position was approximately $39,479,000, $38,389,000, and $(2,375,000), for the years ended September 30, 2013, 2012, and 2011, respectively.

The Hospitals represent a significant portion of total University revenues and expenses and have remained relatively constant over the past four years. Operating hospital revenues and expenses for the last ten fiscal years are presented below:



Statement of Cash Flows

The statement of cash flows presents information related to cash flows of the University. This statement presents cash flows by category: operating activities, noncapital financing activities, capital and related financing activities and investing activities. The net cash provided to, or used by, the University is presented by category.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Total capital asset additions for the University were approximately $74,478,000 in 2013. During 2013, the Shelby Building was placed into service. Significant construction projects that remain in progress at September 30, 2013 included the expansion of Children's and Women's Hospital, a major renovation of the Student Center and a new professional medical office building. A new student housing facility was substantially completed in 2013. Major projects completed and place into service in fiscal 2011 and 2012 included the Campus Entrance Portals, Stokes Hall, a major renovation of the Bookstore, Moulton Tower and the Glass Blowing Studio. At September 30, 2013, the University has outstanding commitments of approximately $13,918,000 for various capital projects.

In a prior year, the State of Alabama made allocations from state bond issues to the University in the amount of $21,332,000. During 2013, $1,236,000 was recognized by the University and is reported as a capital appropriation. $3,594,000 remains unspent at September 30, 2013.

In January 2012, the University issued the University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2012-A and 2012-B, with a face value of $32,740,000. The net proceeds of these bonds will be used to fund the construction of new student housing as well as other construction and capital projects on the main campus of the University, the Hospitals and the Mitchell Cancer Institute.

In June 2013, the University issued the University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2013-A, 2013-B and 2013-C, with a total face value of $50,000,000. The net proceeds of these bonds will be used to fund the construction of a new professional medical office building as well as other construction and other capital projects on the main campus of the University.

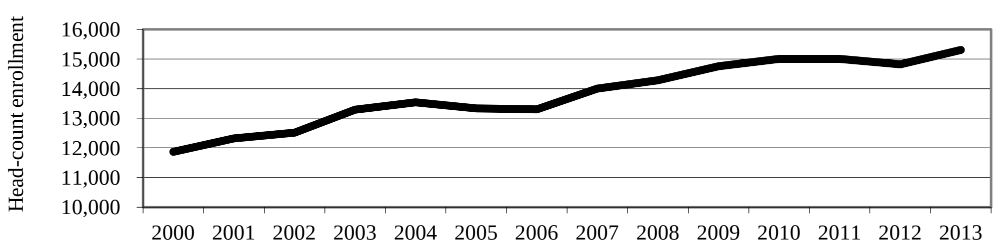
In order to realize debt service savings currently from future debt refunding, in January 2008, the University entered into a synthetic advance refunding of the outstanding Series 2004 and 2006 bonds. This transaction was effected through the sale of two swaptions by the University to the counterparty and resulted in an up-front payment to the University totaling $9,328,000 in exchange for selling the counterparty the option to enter into an interest rate swap with respect to the Series 2004 and 2006 bonds. A portion of this payment is considered a borrowing and is included in the long-term debt of the University. The fair value component of the refunding associated with the swaps is considered an investment derivative and, as such, the change in the fair value component is reflected as a component of investment income in 2013, 2012 and 2011.

The University's bond credit rating is A1 as rated by Moody's Investors Services and A+ as rated by Standard and Poor's Rating Services. Neither rate changed during 2013.

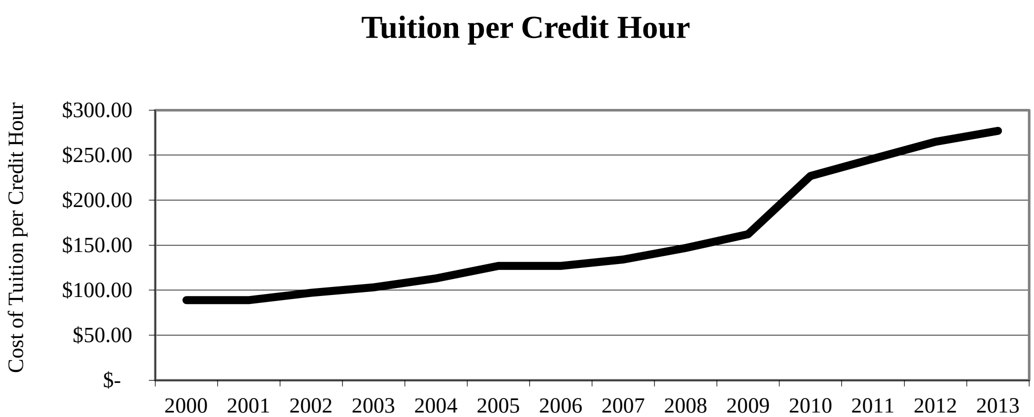
Economic Outlook

Student enrollment and tuition and fee rates have both increased over the past thirteen years. The University has experienced an increase in enrollment between 2000 and 2013, from 11,870 in 2000 to 15,311 for the 2013 fall semester. The enrollment trend for the University between 2000 and 2013 is as follows:

Enrollment Growth Summary



In that same time period, in state tuition per credit hour has increased by approximately 198%. The large increase in 2010 is the result of the University's bundling of tuition and required fees into a single per hour charge. Similar increases have been experienced in out-of-state tuition and College of Medicine tuition. The trend of in-state tuition per credit hour between 2000 and 2013 is as follows:



While enrollment and tuition have both increased in recent years, state appropriations prior to 2006 were relatively flat. However, in the 2008, 2007 and 2006 fiscal years, the University experienced increases of 16%, 19% and 17%, respectively, or approximately $19,349,000, $19,185,000 and $14,581,000, respectively, in its state appropriation. These increases were unusually high. For the 2009 fiscal year, the University's original state appropriation decreased 12.8% or approximately $17,882,000. Additionally, in December 2008 the Governor of Alabama announced proration of 9%, or approximately $10,967,000; and in July 2009, the Governor announced additional proration of 2%, or approximately $2,437,000. Therefore, the total decrease in the 2009 state appropriation was approximately $31,286,000 to $108,451,000, or 22.4% lower than in 2008.

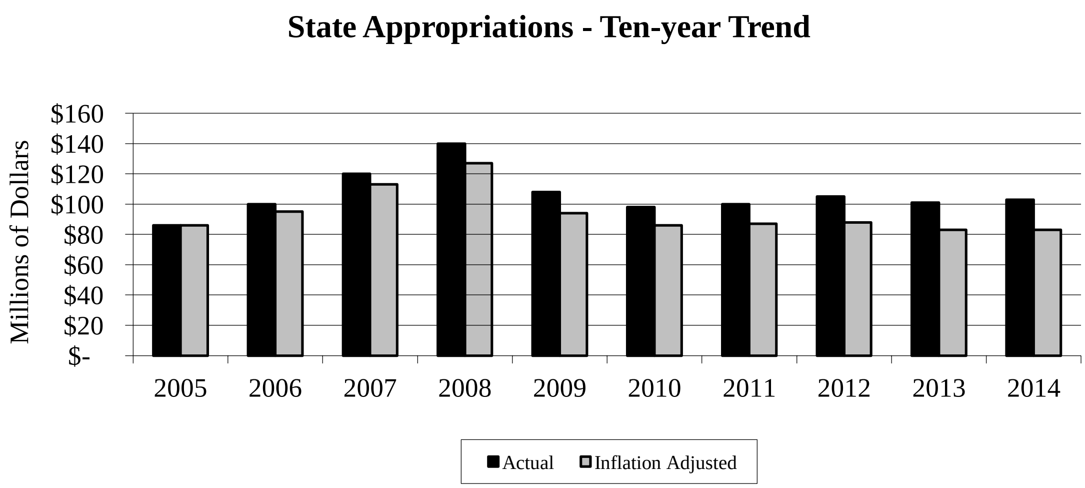
A state appropriation in the amount of approximately $99,947,000 was authorized for the year ended September 30, 2011. In February 2011, the Governor announced proration of 3%, or approximately $2,999,000, that reduced the amount received to $96,948,000.

A state appropriation in the amount of approximately $105,639,000 was authorized and received for the year ended September 30, 2012.

A state appropriation in the amount of approximately $102,585,000 was authorized and received for the year ended September 30, 2013.

A state appropriation in the amount of approximately $103,696,000 has been authorized for the year ending September 30, 2014. This represents a $1,111,000 increase from the fiscal 2013 appropriation received. While no announcement has been made, the University is aware that reductions in its 2014 appropriation are possible.

The ten-year trend of state appropriations for the University is as follows:



In addition to state appropriations, the University is subject to declines in general economic conditions in the United States and, specifically, the State of Alabama. Further weakening of the economy could have a potential further negative impact on the University's enrollment, extramural funding, endowment performance, and health care operations.

In early 2009, the American Recovery and Investment Act (ARRA) was passed by Congress and signed into law by the President. As a result of this legislation, the University was awarded and received approximately $10,769,000 in both 2010 and 2011 through the U.S. Department of Education's State Fiscal Stabilization Fund Program. No additional ARRA State Fiscal Stabilization funds were received in 2013 or 2012, nor are anticipated in 2014. Additional funding was available through the competitive grant process from various federal agencies. As of September 30, 2013, the University had been awarded ARRA grants totaling approximately $51,097,000.

Other than the issues presented above, University administration is not aware of any other currently known facts, decisions, or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on the University's financial position or results of operations during fiscal year 2013 beyond those unknown variables having a global effect on virtually all types of business operations.

Requests for Information

These basic financial statements are designed to provide a general overview of the University of South Alabama and its component units' financial activities and to demonstrate the University's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Mr. Stephen H. Simmons; Vice-President for Financial Affairs; University of South Alabama – Room 170; Mobile, Alabama 36688. These basic financial statements can be obtained from our website at http:www.southalabama.edu/financialaffairs/businessoffice/statements.html.

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Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees
University of South Alabama:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the University of South Alabama, a component unit of the State of Alabama, (the University) and its aggregate discretely presented component units, as of and for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audits. We did not audit the 2013 and 2012 consolidated financial statements of the University of South Alabama Foundation, which represents 83%, 100%, and 26%, respectively, of the 2013 assets, net assets, and revenues, gains and other support of the aggregate discretely presented component units and 80%, 101%, and 14%, respectively, of the 2012 assets, net assets, and revenues, gains and other support of the aggregate discretely presented component units. Those statements were audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the University of South Alabama Foundation, is based solely on the report of the other auditors. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. The financial statements of the University of South Alabama Foundation, the University of South Alabama Health Services Foundation, the USA Research and Technology Corporation, and the Professional and General Liability Trust Funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, based on our audits and the report of the other auditors, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the University and of its aggregate discretely presented component units as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in note 1(w) to the basic financial statements, in 2013, the University adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

U.S. generally accepted accounting principles require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 1-11 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2013, on our consideration of the University's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

KPMG LLP

Jackson, Mississippi
November 15, 2013

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Statements of Net Position

September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	$	137,610	120,227
Investments		130,694	91,193
Net patient accounts receivable, (net of allowance for doubtful accounts of $51,159 and $54,220)		29,053	26,838
Accounts receivable, affiliates		17,283	22,218
Accounts receivable, other		2,147	17,635
Notes receivable, net		6,545	4,630
Prepaid expenses, inventories, and other		10,496	9,300
Total current assets		333,828	292,041
Noncurrent assets:			
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		86,135	95,374
Restricted investments		40,553	39,969
Investments		476	885
Accounts receivable		4,580	5,239
Notes receivable, net		8,529	10,782
Other noncurrent assets		2,414	6,311
Capital assets, net		565,830	533,199
Total noncurrent assets		708,517	691,759
Total assets		1,042,345	983,800
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		51,056	57,513
Unrecognized revenue		48,332	44,306
Deposits		2,608	2,479
Current portion of long-term debt		13,153	10,790
Total current liabilities		115,149	115,088
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Long-term debt, less current portion		387,737	348,909
Other long-term liabilities		46,469	66,292
Total noncurrent liabilities		434,206	415,201
Total liabilities		549,355	530,289
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		227,464	227,029
Restricted, nonexpendable:			
Scholarships		16,118	14,685
Other		20,746	19,140
Restricted, expendable:			
Scholarships		13,346	10,323
Other		41,018	37,878
Unrestricted		174,298	144,456
Total net position	$	492,990	453,511

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA FOUNDATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

June 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

Assets		**2013**	**2012**
Cash and cash equivalents	$	900	671
Investments:			
Equity securities		114,193	104,498
Timber and mineral properties		154,332	153,574
Real estate		31,010	31,040
Other		6,040	5,522
Other assets		647	768
Total assets	$	307,122	296,073
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	$	126	182
Note payable – University of South Alabama		7,783	11,493
Other liabilities		677	637
Total liabilities		8,586	12,312
Net assets:			
Unrestricted		64,280	61,628
Temporarily restricted		64,862	52,887
Permanently restricted		169,394	169,246
Total net assets		298,536	283,761
Total liabilities and net assets	$	307,122	296,073

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
HEALTH SERVICES FOUNDATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Statements of Financial Position

September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

Assets		**2013**	**2012**
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	$	592	234
Patient accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible accounts of approximately $4,651 and $5,873)		12,005	13,969
Other current assets		1,263	1,196
Total current assets		13,860	15,399
Interest in assets of University of South Alabama Professional Liability Trust Fund		14,726	20,218
Property and equipment, net		3,658	4,388
Total assets	$	32,244	40,005
Liabilities and Net Deficit			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	$	1,656	1,914
Due to affiliates		17,133	21,715
Total current liabilities		18,789	23,629
Estimated professional liability costs		14,726	20,218
Total liabilities		33,515	43,847
Net deficit		(1,271)	(3,842)
Total liabilities and deficit	$	32,244	40,005

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

USA RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Statements of Net Position

September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Assets:			
Current assets:			
Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents	$	1,447	1,487
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		—	253
Rent receivable		167	268
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		10	4
Total current assets		1,624	2,012
Noncurrent assets:			
Intangible assets, net		99	92
Capital assets, net		24,701	25,242
Total noncurrent assets		24,800	25,334
Deferred outflows		3,225	4,889
Total assets and deferred outflows		29,649	32,235
Liabilities:			
Current liabilities:			
Deposits, other current liabilities, and accrued expenses		356	195
Payable to University of South Alabama		7	12
Unrecognized rent revenue		431	400
Current portion of notes payable		1,002	946
Total current liabilities		1,796	1,553
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Notes payable, excluding current portion		23,285	24,287
Interest rate swap		3,225	4,889
Total noncurrent liabilities		26,510	29,176
Total liabilities		28,306	30,729
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		284	258
Unrestricted		1,059	1,248
Total net position	$	1,343	1,506

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Operating revenues:			
Tuition and fees (net of scholarship allowances of $32,457 and $29,770)	$	95,709	88,299
Net patient service revenue		258,207	247,802
Federal grants and contracts		18,010	20,573
State grants and contracts		7,897	6,292
Private grants and contracts		51,395	49,583
Auxiliary enterprises (net of scholarship allowances of $974 and $873)		18,354	17,878
Other operating revenues		34,034	38,701
Total operating revenues		483,606	469,128
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and benefits		401,872	396,170
Supplies and other services		148,597	134,841
Scholarships and fellowships		7,099	6,272
Utilities		14,703	14,554
Depreciation and amortization		29,849	30,396
Total operating expenses		602,120	582,233
Operating loss		(118,514)	(113,105)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
State appropriations		102,585	105,639
Investment income		28,159	14,561
Interest expense		(13,093)	(13,775)
Other nonoperating revenues		34,299	32,996
Other nonoperating expenses		(9,220)	(7,024)
Net nonoperating revenues		142,730	132,397
Income before capital appropriations, capital contributions and grants, and additions to endowment		24,216	19,292
Capital appropriations		1,236	239
Capital contributions and grants		10,871	15,103
Additions to endowment		3,156	3,755
Change in net position		39,479	38,389
Net position:			
Beginning of year, before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		453,511	416,896
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		—	(1,774)
Beginning balance – as adjusted		453,511	415,122
End of year	$	492,990	453,511

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA FOUNDATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Consolidated Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2013

(In thousands)

		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Revenues, gains, and other support:					
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	$	9,182	11,758	—	20,940
Rents, royalties and timber sales		3,501	—	16	3,517
Interest and dividends		485	1,474	6	1,965
Gifts		—	1	15	16
Other income		70	—	—	70
Required match of donor contributions		(111)	—	111	—
Interfund interest		(118)	118	—	—
Net assets released from program restrictions		1,376	(1,376)	—	—
Total revenues, gains, and other support		14,385	11,975	148	26,508
Expenditures:					
Program services:					
Faculty support		2,379	—	—	2,379
Scholarships		982	—	—	982
Other		1,088	—	—	1,088
Total program service expenditures		4,449	—	—	4,449
Management and general		1,724	—	—	1,724
Other investment expense		1,796	—	—	1,796
Depletion expense		3,391	—	—	3,391
Depreciation expense		83	—	—	83
Interest expense		290	—	—	290
Total expenditures		11,733	—	—	11,733
Increase in net assets		2,652	11,975	148	14,775
Net assets – beginning of year		61,628	52,887	169,246	283,761
Net assets – end of year	$	64,280	64,862	169,394	298,536

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA FOUNDATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Consolidated Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

Year ended June 30, 2012

(In thousands)

		Unrestricted	Temporarily restricted	Permanently restricted	Total
Revenues, gains, and other support:					
Net realized and unrealized gains on investments	$	5,513	768	—	6,281
Rents, royalties and timber sales		4,255	—	18	4,273
Interest and dividends		611	1,230	7	1,848
Gifts		—	—	195	195
Other income		5	—	—	5
Required match of donor contributions		(100)	—	100	—
Interfund interest		(88)	88	—	—
Transfer		(864)	864	—	—
Net assets released from program restrictions		1,456	(1,456)	—	—
Total revenues, gains, and other support		10,788	1,494	320	12,602
Expenditures:					
Program services:					
Faculty support		2,307	—	—	2,307
Scholarships		1,023	—	—	1,023
Other		1,096	—	—	1,096
Total program service expenditures		4,426	—	—	4,426
Management and general		1,653	—	—	1,653
Other investment expense		1,638	—	—	1,638
Depletion expense		4,135	—	—	4,135
Depreciation expense		77	—	—	77
Interest expense		408	—	—	408
Total expenditures		12,337	—	—	12,337
Increase (decrease) in net assets		(1,549)	1,494	320	265
Net assets – beginning of year		63,177	51,393	168,926	283,496
Net assets – end of year	$	61,628	52,887	169,246	283,761

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
HEALTH SERVICES FOUNDATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Statements of Operations and Changes in Net Deficit

Years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Unrestricted revenues, gains and other support:			
Net patient service revenue	$	63,298	66,026
Provision for uncollectible accounts		(12,057)	(11,670)
Net patient service revenue less provision for uncollectible accounts		51,241	54,356
Other revenue		8,701	8,410
Total unrestricted revenues, gains, and other support		59,942	62,766
Expenses:			
Salaries and benefits		48,433	48,328
General and administrative		5,864	7,064
Depreciation and amortization		1,465	1,270
Total expenses		55,762	56,662
Operating income		4,180	6,104
Nonoperating gains		3,491	2,173
Revenues over expenses		7,671	8,277
Transfer of capital to University of South Alabama, College of Medicine		(5,100)	(4,200)
Change in deficit		2,571	4,077
Net deficit at beginning of year		(3,842)	(7,919)
Net deficit at end of year	$	(1,271)	(3,842)

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

USA RESEARCH AND TECHNOLOGY CORPORATION
(Discretely Presented Component Unit)

Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Operating revenues	$	4,011	4,003
Total operating revenues		4,011	4,003
Operating expenses:			
Building management and operating expenses		1,427	1,367
Depreciation and amortization		981	1,133
Legal and administrative fees		222	222
Insurance		150	120
Total operating expenses		2,780	2,842
Operating income		1,231	1,161
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Investment income		8	9
Interest expense		(1,409)	(1,458)
Abandoned development and tenant improvement costs		—	(158)
Donation revenue		2	—
Other		5	5
Net nonoperating expenses		(1,394)	(1,602)
Capital grant		—	183
Change in net position		(163)	(258)
Net position:			
Beginning of year, before cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		1,506	1,821
Cumulative effect of change in accounting principle		—	(57)
Beginning of year, as adjusted		1,506	1,764
End of year	$	1,343	1,506

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Receipts related to tuition and fees	$	99,546	89,347
Receipts from and on behalf of patients and third-party payers		255,918	253,766
Receipts from grants and contracts		86,927	73,694
Receipts related to auxiliary enterprises		18,507	17,995
Payments to suppliers and vendors		(149,010)	(161,308)
Payments to employees and related benefits		(396,311)	(383,158)
Payments for scholarships and fellowships		(7,099)	(6,272)
Other operating receipts		33,007	46,995
Net cash used in operating activities		(58,515)	(68,941)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
State appropriations		102,585	105,639
Endowment gifts		3,156	3,755
Agency funds received		1,040	1,361
Agency funds disbursed		(904)	(1,007)
Student loan program receipts		126,410	115,253
Student loan program disbursements		(126,936)	(115,884)
Other nonoperating revenues		34,729	27,569
Other nonoperating expenses		(9,206)	(7,339)
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		130,874	129,347
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Capital contributions and grants		13,464	15,718
Purchases of capital assets		(72,680)	(71,804)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		6,030	3,419
Proceeds from issuance of capital debt		50,000	32,740
Principal payments on capital debt		(10,552)	(8,033)
Interest payments on capital debt		(14,324)	(13,951)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(28,062)	(41,911)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Interest and dividends on investments		5,030	2,946
Purchases of investments		(90,855)	(22,330)
Proceeds from sales of investments		49,672	37,605
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		(36,153)	18,221
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		8,144	36,716
Cash and cash equivalents (unrestricted and restricted):			
Beginning of year		215,601	178,885
End of year	$	223,745	215,601

(Continued)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012

(In thousands)

		2013	2012
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Operating loss	$	(118,514)	(113,105)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization expense		29,849	30,396
Changes in assets and liabilities, net:			
Student receivables		1,350	(1,182)
Net patient accounts receivables		(2,215)	6,868
Grants and contracts receivables		7,706	(5,378)
Other receivables		9,513	3,201
Prepaid expenses, inventories, and other		5,302	(15,458)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		9,630	15,555
Unrecognized revenue		(1,136)	10,162
Net cash used in operating activities	$	(58,515)	(68,941)
Noncash investing, noncapital financing, and capital and related financing transactions:			
Net increase in fair value of investments recognized as a component of investment income	$	24,692	11,490
Additional maturity on capital appreciation on bonds payable and other borrowings recorded as interest expense		1,981	2,086
Payments on behalf of the University by the Alabama Public School and College Authority reducing purchases of capital assets		124	239
Gifts of capital and other assets		42	513
Pledges of operating and capital gifts		1,961	1,064
Capitalization of construction period interest		2,934	2,466
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable related to capital assets		(3,856)	3,516

See accompanying notes to basic financial statements.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Reporting Entity

The accompanying basic financial statements present the financial position and activities of the University of South Alabama (the University), which is a component unit of the State of Alabama. The financial statements of the University are intended to present the financial position, changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows of only that portion of the basic financial statements and the aggregate discretely presented component units of the State of Alabama that is attributable to the transactions of the University.

The financial reporting entity, as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, and amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units*, and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*, consists of the primary government and all of its component units. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. In addition, the primary government may determine, through exercise of management's professional judgment, that the inclusion of an organization that does not meet the financial accountability criteria is necessary in order to prevent the reporting entity's financial statements from being misleading. In such instances, that organization is included as a component unit. Accordingly, the basic financial statements include the accounts of the University, as the primary government, and the accounts of the entities discussed below as component units.

During 2013, the University adopted GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reports Entity: Omnibus*, which amends GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 39, and provides criteria for determining whether certain organizations should be reported as component units based on the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government. Such criteria include the appointment of a voting majority of the board of the organization, the ability to impose the will of the primary government on the organization and the financial benefits/burden between the primary government and the potential component unit. The statement also clarifies reporting and disclosure requirements for those organizations. Based on these criteria as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the University reports the University of South Alabama Foundation (USA Foundation), the University of South Alabama Health Services Foundation (USAHSF), and the USA Research and Technology Corporation (the Corporation) as discretely presented component units.

The University is also affiliated with the South Alabama Medical Science Foundation (SAMSF). This entity is not considered a component unit of the University under the provisions of GASB Statements No. 14, 39 and 61 because the University does not consider SAMSF significant enough to warrant inclusion in the University's reporting entity (see note 13 for further discussion of this entity).

GASB Statement No. 61 requires the University, as the primary government, to include in its basic financial statements, as a blended component unit, organizations that, even though they are legally separate entities, meet certain requirements as defined by GASB Statement No. 61. Based on these criteria, the University reports the Professional Liability Trust Fund, the General Liability Trust Fund and the USA HealthCare Management, LLC as blended component units. All significant transactions among the University and its blended component units have been eliminated.

(b) USA HealthCare Management, LLC

In June 2010, the University's Board of Trustees approved the formation of the USA HealthCare Management, LLC (the LLC). The LLC was organized for the purpose of managing and operating on behalf of, and as agent for, substantially all of the health care clinical enterprise of the University. The University is the sole member of the LLC. The LLC commenced operations in October 2010 and is reported as a blended component unit (see note 16 for further discussion of, and disclosure for, this entity).

(c) Professional Liability and General Liability Trust Funds

The medical malpractice liability of the University is maintained and managed in a separate professional liability trust fund (the PLTF) in which the University, USAHSF, LLC and SAMSF are the only participants. In accordance with the bylaws of the trust fund, the president of the University is responsible for appointing members of the trust fund policy committee. Additionally, the general liability of the University, USAHSF, LLC, SAMSF and the Corporation is maintained and managed in a general liability trust fund (the GLTF) for which the University, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, is responsible. The PLTF and GLTF are separate legal entities which are governed by the University Board of Trustees through the University president. As such, PLTF and GLTF are reported as blended component units (see note 16 for further discussion of, and disclosure for, these entities).

(d) University of South Alabama Foundation

The USA Foundation is a not-for-profit foundation that was organized for the purpose of promoting education, scientific research, and charitable purposes, and to assist in developing and advancing the University in furthering, improving, and expanding its properties, services, facilities, and activities. Because of the significance of the relationship between the University and the USA Foundation, the USA Foundation is considered a component unit of the University. The Board of Directors of the USA Foundation is not appointed or controlled by the University. The University receives distributions from the USA Foundation primarily for scholarship, faculty and other support. Total distributions received or accrued by the University for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 were $4,392,000 and $4,258,000, respectively, and are primarily included in other nonoperating revenues and capital contributions and grants in the University's statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. The USA Foundation presents its financial statements in accordance with standards issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB). The USA Foundation is reported in separate financial statements because of the difference in the financial reporting format since the USA Foundation follows FASB rather than GASB pronouncements. The USA Foundation has a June 30 fiscal year end which differs from the University's September 30 fiscal year end. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, this discretely presented unit has been included with the most recent fiscal year. The consolidated statements of financial position and the consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets for the USA Foundation as of and for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 are discretely presented following the statements of net assets and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets of the University.

(e) University of South Alabama Health Services Foundation

The USAHSF is a not-for-profit corporation that exists to provide a group medical practice for physicians who are faculty members of the University and to further medical education and research at the University. Because of the significance of the relationship between the University and USAHSF, USAHSF is considered a component unit of the University. The USAHSF reimburses the University for salaries, certain administrative expenses, dean's clinical assessment and other support services. Total amounts received and accrued for such expenses were approximately $44,786,000 and $43,621,000 for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and are reflected as private grants and contracts in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position of the University. The USAHSF presents its financial statements in accordance with standards issued by the FASB. The statements of financial position and the statements of operations and changes in unrestricted net assets for the USAHSF for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are discretely presented following the statements of net assets and statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets of the University.

(f) USA Research and Technology Corporation

The Corporation is a not-for-profit corporation that exists for the purpose of furthering the educational and scientific mission of the University by developing, attracting, and retaining technology and research industries in Alabama that will provide professional and career opportunities to the University's students and faculty. Because of the significance of the relationship between the University and the Corporation, the Corporation is considered a component unit of the University. The Corporation presents its financial statements in accordance with GASB. The statements of net position and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position for the Corporation are discretely presented following the statements of net position and statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position of the University.

(g) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

For financial reporting purposes, the University is considered a special purpose governmental agency engaged only in business type activities, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Accordingly, the University's basic financial statements have been presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned, and expenses are recorded when an obligation has been incurred.

The University prepares its basic financial statements in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, as prescribed by GASB, including all applicable effective statements of the GASB and all statements of the FASB issued through November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with GASB pronouncements. The University has elected not to apply the provisions of any pronouncements of the FASB issued after November 30, 1989.

(h) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires that management make estimates and assumptions affecting the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses, as well as disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In particular, laws and regulations governing the Medicare and Medicaid programs are extremely complex and subject to interpretation. As a result, there is at least a reasonable possibility that recorded estimates related to these programs could change by a material amount in the near term.

(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as petty cash, demand accounts, certificates of deposit, and any short-term investments that take on the character of cash. These investments have maturities of less than three months and include repurchase agreements and money market accounts.

(j) Investments and Investment Income

Investments are recorded at fair value. The fair value of alternative investments (low-volatility multi-strategy funds, private placement fund-of-funds, relative value arbitrage funds, and other) do not have readily ascertainable market values and the University values these investments in accordance with valuations provided by the general partners or fund managers of the underlying partnerships or companies. Because these investments are not marketable, the estimated value is subject to uncertainty and, therefore, may differ from the value that would have been used had a ready market for the investment existed. Investments received by gift are recorded at fair value at the date of receipt. Changes in the fair value of investments are reported in investment income (loss).

(k) Derivatives

The University has adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 53, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments*. GASB Statement No. 53 establishes a framework for accounting and financial reporting related to derivative instruments, requiring the fair value of derivatives to be recognized in the basic financial statements.

The University has two interest rate swaptions which were entered into in January 2008. As a result of entering into the swaptions, the University received up-front payments. Swaptions are considered hybrid instruments which are required to be bifurcated into the fair value of the derivative and a piece that reflects a borrowing for financial statement purposes, which will accrete interest over time. The University determined that as of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the swaptions were not hedging derivative instruments. Therefore, the swaptions are required to be recorded as investment derivatives, with the change in fair value flowing through the statements of revenues, expenses, and change in net position.

The fair values of the derivatives were $(13,333,000) and $(23,609,000) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the fair values of the derivatives were included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying statements of net position. The change in fair value for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 was $10,276,000 and $(2,948,000) and was included in investment income in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position for the periods ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. See note 5 for further discussion.

(l) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable primarily result from net patient service revenue. Accounts receivable from affiliates primarily represent amounts due from USAHSF for salaries, and certain administrative and other support services. Accounts receivable – other includes amounts due from students, the federal government, state and local governments, or private sources in connection with reimbursement of allowable expenditures made pursuant to the University's grants and contracts. Accounts receivable are recorded net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

(m) Inventories

The University's inventories primarily consist of bookstore inventories and medical supplies and pharmaceuticals. Bookstore inventories are valued at the lower of cost (moving average basis) or market. Medical supplies and pharmaceuticals are stated at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

(n) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost, if purchased or at fair value at date of donation. Depreciation is provided over the estimated useful life of each class of depreciable asset using the straight-line method. Major renewals and renovations are capitalized. Costs for repairs and maintenance are expensed when incurred. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the gain or loss, if any, is included in nonoperating revenues (expenses) in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

All capital assets other than land are depreciated using the following asset lives:

Buildings, infrastructure and certain building components	40 to 100 years
Fixed equipment	10 to 20 years
Land improvements	8 to 20 years
Library materials	10 years
Other equipment	4 to 15 years

Certain buildings are componentized for depreciation purposes.

Interest costs for certain assets constructed are capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets.

The University evaluates impairment in accordance with GASB Statement No. 42, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Impairment of Capital Assets and for Insurance Recoveries*. For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, no impairments were recorded.

(o) Unrecognized Revenue

Student tuition, fees, and dormitory rentals are initially recorded as unrecognized revenue and then recognized over the applicable portion of each school term.

Operating lease rental payments related to the University's lease of USA Knollwood Hospital to the Infirmary Health System, Inc. (see note 10) are initially recorded as unrecognized revenue and then recognized as revenue over the term of the lease using the straight-line method.

(p) Classification of Net Position

The University's net position is classified as follows:

Net investment in capital assets reflects the University's total investment in capital assets, net of outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such debt is excluded from the calculation of *net investment in capital assets*.

Restricted, nonexpendable net position consists of endowment and similar type funds which donors or other outside sources have stipulated, as a condition of the gift instrument, the principal is to be maintained inviolate and in perpetuity, and invested for the purpose of producing present and future income, which may either be expended or added to principal.

Restricted, expendable net position includes resources that the University is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external parties.

Unrestricted net position represents resources derived from student tuition and fees, state appropriations, net patient service revenue, sales and services of educational activities and auxiliary enterprises. Auxiliary enterprises are substantially self-supporting activities that provide services for students, faculty, and staff. While unrestricted net position may be designated for specific purposes by action of management or the Board of Trustees, they are available for use at the discretion of the governing board, to meet current expenses for any purpose. Substantially all unrestricted net position is designated for academic and research programs and initiatives, and capital programs.

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources, the University addresses each situation on a case-by-case basis prior to determining the resources to be used to satisfy the obligation.

(q) Scholarship Allowances and Student Financial Aid

Student tuition and fees, and certain other revenues from students, are reported net of scholarship discounts and allowances in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position. Scholarship discounts and allowances are the difference between the stated charge for goods and services provided by the University and the amount that is paid by students and/or third parties making payments on the students' behalf. Certain governmental grants, such as Pell grants and other federal, state, or nongovernmental programs are recorded as either operating or nonoperating revenues in the University's basic financial statements based on their classification as either an exchange or nonexchange transaction. To the extent that revenues from such programs are used to satisfy tuition and fees and certain other student charges, the University has recorded a scholarship discount and allowance.

(r) Donor Restricted Endowments

The University is subject to the "Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act (UPMIFA)" of the Code of Alabama. This law allows the University, unless otherwise restricted by the donor, to spend net appreciation, realized and unrealized, on the endowment. The law also allows the University to appropriate for expenditure or accumulate to an endowment fund such amounts as the University determines to be prudent for the purposes for which the endowment fund was established. The University's endowment spending policy provides that 5% of the three-year invested net asset moving average value (inclusive of net realized and unrealized gains and losses), as measured at September 30, is available annually for spending. The University's policy is to retain the endowment net interest and dividend income and net realized and unrealized appreciation with the endowment after distributions allowed by the spending policy have been made. These amounts, unless otherwise directed by the donor, are included in restricted, expendable net position.

(s) Classification of Revenues

The University has classified its revenues as either operating or nonoperating revenues.

Operating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of exchange transactions such as student tuition and fees, net of scholarship discounts and allowances; sales and services of auxiliary enterprises, net of scholarship allowances; most federal, state, and local grants and contracts; and, net patient service revenue.

Nonoperating revenues include activities that have the characteristics of nonexchange transactions, such as gifts and contributions, and other revenue sources such as state appropriations and investment income.

(t) Gifts and Pledges

Pledges of financial support from organizations and individuals representing an unconditional promise to give are recognized in the basic financial statements once all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, have been met. In the absence of such a promise, revenue is recognized when the gift is received. Endowment pledges generally do not meet eligibility requirements, as defined by GASB Statement No. 33, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Transactions*, and are not recorded as assets until the related gift has been received. Unconditional promises that are expected to be collected in future years are recorded at the present value of the estimated future cash flows.

(Continued)

(u) Grants and Contracts

The University has been awarded grants and contracts for which funds have not been received or expenditures made for the purpose specified in the award. These awards have not been reflected in the basic financial statements, but represent commitments of sponsors to provide funds for specific research or training projects. For grants that have allowable cost provisions, the revenue will be recognized as the related expenditures are made. For grants with work completion requirements, the revenue is recognized as the work is completed. For grants without either of the above requirements, the revenue is recognized as it is received.

(v) Net Patient Service Revenue and Electronic Health Records Incentive Program

Net patient service revenue is reported at estimated net realizable amounts due from patients, third-party payers and others for healthcare services rendered, including estimated retroactive revenue adjustments due to future audits, reviews and investigations. Retroactive adjustments are considered in the recognition of revenue on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and such amounts are adjusted in future periods, as adjustments become known or as years are no longer subject to such audits, reviews and investigations.

The Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) has implemented provisions of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 that provide incentive payments for the meaningful use of certified electronic health record (EHR) technology. CMS has defined meaningful use as meeting certain objectives and clinical quality measures based on current and updated technology capabilities over predetermined reporting periods as established by CMS. The Medicare EHR incentive program provides annual incentive payments to eligible professionals, eligible hospitals, and critical access hospitals, as defined, that are meaningful users of certified EHR technology. The Medicaid EHR incentive program provides annual incentive payments to eligible professionals and hospitals for efforts to adopt, implement, and meaningfully use certified EHR technology. The Hospitals utilize a grant accounting model to recognize EHR incentive revenues. The Hospitals record EHR incentive revenue ratably throughout the incentive reporting period when it is reasonably assured that it will meet the meaningful use objectives for the required reporting period and that the grants will be received. The EHR reporting period for hospitals is based on the federal fiscal year, which runs from October 1 through September 30.

USA Medical Center met the meaningful use objectives for Medicare during 2013, and recognized $725,000 in revenue. USA Children’s and Women’s Hospital expects meaningful use objectives for Medicare will be met for the federal fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. The Hospitals recognized Medicaid EHR incentive revenues of $4,673,000 for the year ended September 30, 2012. The Hospitals next receipt of Medicaid EHR revenues is expected to occur during the federal fiscal year ended September 30, 2014. EHR incentive revenues are included in other operating revenues in the accompanying consolidated statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

(w) Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In 2013, the University adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus*. GASB Statement No. 61 amends GASB Statements No. 14 and 39 and modifies certain requirements for inclusion of component units in the financial reporting entity. GASB Statement No. 61 requires that for organizations that previously were included as component units by meeting the fiscal dependency criterion, a financial benefit or burden relationship also would need to be present between the primary government and that organization for it to be included in the reporting entity as a component unit. Statement No. 61 also establishes criteria to require inclusion based on other additional factors, such as organization board appointment, financial benefit or burden and operational management of the organization. The adoption of this statement had no financial reporting entity impact on the University's component units; however, it did require additional disclosures for blended component units.

In 2013, the University also adopted the provisions of GASB Statement No. 63, *Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position*, and GASB Statement No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities*, during the year ended September 30, 2013. Retroactive application of the standards was required for all prior periods presented.

GASB Statement No. 63 provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. GASB Statement No. 65 establishes accounting and reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The University had historically deferred certain debt financing costs related to its bond issues and was amortizing those costs over the term of the related bond issue. GASB Statement 65 requires that debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, be recognized as an expense in the period incurred. The adoption of the provisions of GASB Statement No. 65 decreased beginning net position at October 1, 2011 by $1,774,000. The University's statement of net position has been restated to reflect a decrease in other noncurrent position and unrestricted net assets of $1,774,000.

(x) Compensated Absences

The University accrues annual leave for employees as incurred at rates based upon length of service and job classification.

(y) Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the 2012 basic financial statements have been reclassified in order to conform to 2013 classification.

(2) Income Taxes

The University is classified as both a governmental entity under the laws of the State of Alabama and as a tax-exempt entity under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as an organization described in Section 501(c)(3). Consistent with that designation, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying basic financial statements.

In addition, the University's discretely presented component units are tax-exempt entities under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code as organizations described in Section 501(c)(3). Consistent with that designation, no provision for income taxes has been made in the accompanying discretely presented financial statements.

(3) Cash

Pursuant to the Security for Alabama Funds Enhancement Act, funds on deposit may be placed in an institution designated as a qualified public depository (QPD) by the State of Alabama. QPD institutions pledge securities to a statewide collateral pool administered by the State Treasurer's office. Such financial institutions contribute to this collateral pool in amounts proportionate to the total amount of public fund deposits at their respective institutions. The securities are held at the Federal Reserve Bank and are designated for the State of Alabama. Additional collateral was not required for University funds on deposit with QPD institutions. At September 30, 2013, the net public deposits subject to collateral requirements for all institutions participating in the pool totaled approximately $9,778,000,000. The University had cash and cash equivalents totaling $223,745,000 and $215,601,000 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

At September 30, 2013, restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of $28,547,000 related to swaption collateral obligations, $2,621,000 related to cash included in the PLTF and GLTF to pay insurance liability claims and $54,967,000 of unspent proceeds from the issuance of University bonds for capital purchases as outlined in the bond indenture. At September 30, 2012, restricted cash and cash equivalents consist of $36,753,000 related to swaption collateral obligations, $12,246,000 related to cash included in the PLTF and GLTF to pay insurance liability claims and $46,375,000 of unspent proceeds from the issuance of University bonds for capital purchases as outlined in the bond indenture.

(4) Investments

(a) University of South Alabama

The investments of the University are invested pursuant to the University of South Alabama "Nonendowment Cash Pool Investment Policies," the "Endowment Fund Investment Policy," and the "Derivatives Policy" (collectively referred to as the University Investment Policies) as adopted by the Board of Trustees. The purpose of the nonendowment cash pool investment policy is to provide guidelines by which pooled funds not otherwise needed to meet daily operational cash flows can be invested to earn a maximum return, yet still maintain sufficient liquidity to meet fluctuations in the inflows and outflows of University operational funds. Further, endowment fund investment policies exist to provide earnings to fund specific projects of the endowment fund, while preserving principal. The University Investment Policies require that management apply the "prudent person" standard in the context of managing its investment portfolio.

The investments of the blended component units of the University are invested pursuant to the separate investment policy of the PLTF and GLTF (the Trust Fund Investment Policy.) The objectives of the Trust Fund Investment Policy are to provide a source of funds to pay general and professional liability claims and to achieve long-term capital growth to help defray future funding requirements. Additionally, investments of the University's component units both blended and discretely presented are subject to UPMIFA as well as any requirements placed on them by contract or donor agreements.

Certain investments, primarily related to the University's endowment assets, are pooled. The University uses this pool to manage its investments and distribute investment income to individual endowment funds.

Investments of the University, by type, at fair value, are as follows at September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

		2013	2012
U.S. Treasury notes	$	8,496	8,404
U.S. federal agency notes		19,676	14,981
Pooled equity mutual funds		71,406	57,464
Pooled debt mutual funds		30,594	24,619
Managed income alternative investments (low-volatility multi-strategy funds, private placement fund-of-funds, relative value arbitrage funds, and other)		27,791	17,777
State agency obligations		394	462
Other		13,366	8,340
	$	171,723	132,047

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, $10,272,000 and $6,938,000, respectively, of appreciation in fair value of investments of donor-restricted endowments was recognized and are included in restricted expendable net position in the accompanying statements of net position.

Credit Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

The University Investment Policies limit investment in corporate bonds to securities with a minimum "A" rating, at the time of purchase, by both Moody's and Standard and Poor's. Investments in corporate paper are limited to issuers with a minimum quality rating of P-1 by Moody's, A-1 by Standard and Poor's or F-1 by Fitch.

Additionally, the University Investment Policies require that not more than 10% of the cash, cash equivalents and investments of the University be invested in the obligations of a single private corporation and not more than 35% of the cash, cash equivalents and investments of the University be invested in the obligations of a single government agency.

The University's exposure to credit risk and concentration of credit risk at September 30, 2013 is as follows:

	Credit rating	Percentage of total investments
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	4.9%
Federal Home Loan Bank Corporation	Aaa	2.3
Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa	1.3
Common Fund Bond Fund	AA	15.2
Various State Agency Obligations	Aaa/A2	0.2
PIMCO Pooled Bond Fund	AA+/NR	2.7
Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation	Aaa	2.9
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	0.1

The University's exposure to credit risk and concentration of credit risk at September 30, 2012 is as follows:

	Credit rating	Percentage of total investments
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	1.3%
Federal Home Loan Bank Corporation	Aaa	4.1
Federal National Mortgage Association	Aaa	4.3
Common Fund Bond Fund	AA	16.7
Various State Agency Obligations	Aaa/A2	0.4
PIMCO Pooled Bond Fund	AA+/NR	2.0
Federal Farm Credit Banks Funding Corporation	Aaa	1.7
Federal Agricultural Mortgage Corporation	Aaa	0.1

Interest Rate Risk

At September 30, 2013, the maturity dates of the University's debt investments were as follows (in thousands):

		Years to maturity			
	Fair value	Less than 1	1 – 5	6 – 10	More than 10
U.S. Treasury notes	$ 8,496	808	7,688	—	—
U.S. federal agency notes	19,676	664	18,930	—	82
Pooled debt mutual funds	30,594	1,183	—	29,411	—
State agency obligations	394	—	—	—	394
	$ 59,160	2,655	26,618	29,411	476

At September 30, 2012, the maturity dates of the University's debt investments were as follows (in thousands):

			Years to maturity			
		Fair value	**Less than 1**	**1 – 5**	**6 – 10**	**More than 10**
U.S. Treasury notes	$	8,404	4,497	3,907	—	—
U.S. federal agency notes		14,981	5,180	9,378	—	423
Pooled debt mutual funds		24,619	892	—	21,986	1,741
State agency obligations		462	—	42	—	420
	$	48,466	10,569	13,327	21,986	2,584

Pooled debt mutual funds are classified based on the weighted average maturity of the individual investment instruments within each fund.

The University's Investment Policies do not specifically address the length to maturity on investments which the University must follow; however, they do require that the maturity range of investments be consistent with the liquidity requirements of the University.

Mortgage-Backed Securities

The University, from time to time, invests in mortgage backed securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA) and the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), agencies of the United States government. The University invests in these securities to increase the yield and return on its investment portfolio given the available alternative investment opportunities.

The fair value of mortgage-backed securities is generally based on the cash flows from principal and interest receipts on the underlying mortgage pools. These securities include collateralized mortgage obligations (CMOs). In CMOs, the cash flow from principal and interest payments from one or more mortgage pass-through securities or a pool of mortgages may be reallocated to multiple security classes with different priority claims and payment streams (commonly referred to as tranches). A holder of the CMO security thus chooses the class of security that best meets its risk and return objectives. CMOs are subject to significant market risk due to fluctuations in interest rates, prepayment rates and various liquidity factors related to their specific markets. There were no CMOs in the University's investment portfolio at September 30, 2013 or 2012.

At September 30, 2013, restricted investments consist of $40,553,000 related to investments included in the PLTF and GLTF to pay insurance liability claims. At September 30, 2012, restricted investments consist of $39,969,000 related to investments included in the PLTF and GLTF to pay insurance liability claims.

(b) University of South Alabama Foundation

Investments in securities consist primarily of equity securities totaling $114,193,000 and $104,498,000, at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Investment income was comprised of the following for the years ended June 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Unrealized gains	$	18,296	5,840
Realized gains		2,644	441
Timber sales		2,764	3,473
Interest and dividends		1,965	1,848
Rents		605	602
Royalties		148	198
	$	26,422	12,402

Investment related expenses in the amount of $259,000 and $244,000, respectively, are included in the USA Foundation's management and general expenses in the accompanying 2013 and 2012 consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets.

Real estate at June 30, 2013 and 2012 consisted of the following property held (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Land and land improvements – held for investment	$	29,910	29,913
Building and building improvements – held for investment, net of depreciation		1,100	1,127
	$	31,010	31,040

Timber and mineral properties are stated at fair market value. Depletion of mineral properties is recognized over the remaining producing lives of the properties based on total estimated production and current period production. Depletion of timber properties is recognized on a specific identification basis as timber rights are sold or on a unit basis for sales made on that basis. Reforestation costs consisting of site preparation and planting of seedlings are capitalized.

Investments at June 30, 2013 and 2012, include an equity interest in a timberland management company. The company's primary assets consist of timberland. The Foundation's proportionate share of the fair value of the company is based upon the valuation of the trustee responsible for the management of the company and the timber valuation.

The Foundation has adopted Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures*, (formally FASB Statement No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*). ASC 820 provides a single definition of fair value and a hierarchical framework for measuring it, as well as establishing additional disclosure requirements about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities. Fair value measurements are classified as either observable or unobservable in nature. Observable fair values are derived from quoted market prices for investments traded on an active exchange or in dealer markets where there is sufficient activity and liquidity to allow price discovery by substantially all market participants (Level 1). The Foundation's observable values consist of investments in exchange-traded equity securities with a readily determinable market price. Other observable values are fair value measurements derived either directly or indirectly from quoted market prices (Level 2). Investments that are not traded on an active exchange and do not have a quoted market price are classified as unobservable (Level 3). The Foundation's unobservable values consist of investments in timber and real estate with fair values based on independent third-party appraisals performed by qualified appraisers specializing in timber and real estate investments.

The Foundation's investment assets at June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, are summarized based on the criteria of ASC 820 as follows (in thousands):

	Fair value measurements at June 30, 2013			
Description	**Level 1**	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**
Equity securities	$ 57,870	56,323	—	114,193
Timber and mineral properties	—	—	154,332	154,332
Real estate	—	—	31,010	31,010
Other investments	—	—	6,040	6,040
	$ 57,870	56,323	191,382	305,575

	Fair value measurements at June 30, 2012			
Description	**Level 1**	**Level 2**	**Level 3**	**Total**
Equity securities	$ 51,461	53,037	—	104,498
Timber and mineral properties	—	—	153,574	153,574
Real estate	—	—	31,040	31,040
Other investments	—	—	5,522	5,522
	$ 51,461	53,037	190,136	294,634

For the year ended June 30, 2013, activity in investment assets valued at fair value based on unobservable values is as follows (in thousands):

Description		Timber and mineral properties	Real estate	Other investments	Total
Beginning balance	$	153,574	31,040	5,522	190,136
Total gains (losses) (realized/unrealized)		3,876	—	518	4,394
Acquisitions		—	3	—	3
Reforestation		273	—	—	273
Depreciation/depletion		(3,391)	(33)	—	(3,424)
Ending balance	$	154,332	31,010	6,040	191,382

For the year ended June 30, 2012, activity in investment assets valued at fair value based on unobservable values is as follows (in thousands):

Description		Timber and mineral properties	Real estate	Other investments	Total
Beginning balance	$	153,432	27,973	5,531	186,936
Total gains (losses) (realized/unrealized)		3,793	3,100	(9)	6,884
Reforestation		484	—	—	484
Depreciation/depletion		(4,135)	(33)	—	(4,168)
Ending balance	$	153,574	31,040	5,522	190,136

As of June 30, 2013, the Foundation has no outstanding commitments to purchase securities or other investments. Additionally, substantially all of the Foundation's equity securities at June 30, 2013 and 2012 are considered readily liquid. Timber and mineral properties, real estate, and other investments are generally considered illiquid.

(5) Derivative Transactions

In January 2008, the University entered into a synthetic advance refunding of the outstanding Series 2004 and 2006 bonds with a counterparty. This transaction was effected through the sale of two swaptions by the University to the counterparty. The transactions resulted in an up-front payment to the University totaling $9,328,000, which was recorded as a liability, in exchange for selling the counterparty the option to enter into an interest rate swap with respect to the Series 2004 and 2006 bonds in 2014 and 2016, respectively.

(Continued)

Objective of the Derivative Transaction

The objective of this transaction is to realize debt service savings currently from future debt refunding and create an economic benefit to the University.

Terms

A summary of the transactions is as follows:

Issue	Date of issue	Option expiration date	Effective date of swap	Termination date	Payment amount
Series 2004 bonds	2-Jan-08	16-Dec-13	15-Mar-14	15-Mar-24	$ 1,988,000
Series 2006 bonds	2-Jan-08	1-Sep-16	1-Dec-16	1-Dec-36	7,340,000

If the counterparty exercises its options in 2014 and 2016, the University would, at the counterparty's option, be forced into an underlying swap. If the options are exercised, the University would begin to make payments on the notional amount, currently $41,125,000 and $100,000,000 for the 2004 bonds and 2006 bonds, respectively, of the underlying swap contract. Simultaneously, the University would call outstanding 2004 and 2006 bonds and issue variable rate demand notes (VRDNs) in their place. Under the swap contracts, the University would pay a fixed rate of 4.9753% on the 2004 bonds and 5.0% on the 2006 bonds to the counterparty and would receive payments based on 68% of the one-month LIBOR index. Alternatively, although it is not anticipated that this option would be to the University's advantage, the University could, at its option, cash settle the swap and retain its right to refund the 2004 and 2006 bonds.

If the interest rate environment is such that the counterparty chooses to not exercise its options, the swaptions would be canceled and the University would have no further obligation under these agreements.

Financial Statement Presentation

A swaption is considered a hybrid instrument and as such the payment by the counterparty to the University must be bifurcated into two components, a borrowing component and an embedded derivative component, and each component treated separately. The embedded derivative value of the swaption represents the fair value resulting from the fact that the fixed rate stated in the swaption is greater than the at-the-market rate. The initial value of the borrowing is the difference between the upfront payment and the fair value of the embedded derivative and represents the time value to the counterparty for holding the option, or the probability-weighted, discounted values of a range of future possible outcomes. The values of the derivatives and borrowings at the date of execution of this transaction are as follows:

	2004 Bonds	2006 Bonds
Embedded derivatives	$ 918,000	3,343,000
Borrowings	1,070,000	3,997,000
	$ 1,988,000	7,340,000

The values of the borrowings are included in long-term debt on the University's 2013 and 2012 statements of net position. Interest is being accreted on, and added to, the borrowings through the expiration date of the option. For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, $400,000 and $378,000, respectively, was accreted and is included in interest expense in the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

The fair values of the embedded investment derivatives are reported as investment assets if the derivatives are assets or other noncurrent liabilities, depending on the fair values of the derivatives. The change in the fair market values of the derivatives is reported as a component of investment income (loss) in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the negative fair values of the derivatives are approximately $(13,333,000) and $(23,609,000) and are included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying statements of net position. For the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the changes in the fair value of the derivatives were $10,276,000 and $(2,948,000), respectively.

Fair Value

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the embedded derivatives had negative fair values of $(13,333,000) and $(23,609,000), respectively. The fair values of the embedded derivatives were estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the instruments, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero-coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement.

Risks Associated with this Transaction

Certain risks are inherent to derivative transactions.

Interest rate risk. Interest rate risk, as a result of rising short-term interest rates causing higher interest rate payments, is effectively hedged by the University's fixed rate bonds. If the counterparty exercises its options, the underlying swaps are expected to effectively hedge the potentially higher payments on VRDNs as well. The University is also subject to interest rate risk, as a result of changes in long-term interest rates, which may cause the value of fixed rate bonds or interest rate derivatives to change. If long-term interest rates fall subsequent to the execution of this transaction, the value of the swaptions will change, with negative consequences for the University.

Market access risk. This transaction assumes that VRDNs will be issued as a replacement of the 2004 and 2006 bonds. If the University is unable to issue variable rate bonds after the counterparty exercises its right under the swaptions, the University would still be required to begin making periodic payments on the swaps, even though there are no related bonds. Alternatively, the University could choose to liquidate the swaps, which may create a substantial cash outlay.

Basis risk. If the counterparty exercises its option, there is a risk that the floating payments received under the swaps will not fully offset the variable rate payments due on the assumed VRDNs.

Credit risk. Although the underlying swap exposes the University to credit risk should the swap be executed, the swaption itself does not expose the University to credit risk. If the option is exercised on one or both issues, the University would begin to make payments on the appropriate notional amount of the underlying swap contract. In that situation, if the fair value of the swap is positive, the University would be exposed to credit risk on the swap in the amount of its fair value. As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the swap counterparty was rated Aa3 by Moody's Investors Services and AA – by Standard and Poor's Rating Services.

Termination risk. The University may be required to terminate the swaptions or swaps under certain circumstances, such as credit downgrades or other events specified in the contracts. In the event that a position needs to be terminated, the University may owe a substantial amount of money to terminate the contracts. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, no events of termination have occurred.

(6) Capital Assets

(a) University of South Alabama

A summary of the University's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2013 follows (in thousands):

	Beginning balance	Additions	Transfers	Reductions	Ending balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land and other	$ 25,528	445	—	(3,457)	22,516
Construction-in-progress	119,763	59,104	(41,189)	—	137,678
	145,291	59,549	(41,189)	(3,457)	160,194
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Land improvements	31,256	244	—	(566)	30,934
Buildings, fixed equipment, and infrastructure	539,118	3,442	40,922	(27,821)	555,661
Other equipment	133,090	8,291	267	(10,669)	130,979
Library materials	54,656	2,952	—	—	57,608
	758,120	14,929	41,189	(39,056)	775,182

		Beginning balance	Additions	Transfers	Reductions	Ending balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Land improvements	$	(16,588)	(1,194)	—	566	(17,216)
Buildings, fixed equipment, and infrastructure		(208,499)	(15,954)	—	19,298	(205,155)
Other equipment		(104,084)	(10,012)	—	10,550	(103,546)
Library materials		(41,041)	(2,588)	—	—	(43,629)
		(370,212)	(29,748)	—	30,414	(369,546)
Capital assets being depreciated, net		387,908	(14,819)	41,189	(8,642)	405,636
Capital assets, net	$	533,199	44,730	—	(12,099)	565,830

At September 30, 2013, the University had commitments of approximately $13,918,000 related to various construction projects.

A summary of the University's capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2012 follows (in thousands):

		Beginning balance	Additions	Transfers	Reductions	Ending balance
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land and other	$	25,341	188	—	(1)	25,528
Construction-in-progress		88,128	61,556	(29,921)	—	119,763
		113,469	61,744	(29,921)	(1)	145,291
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Land improvements		27,112	426	3,728	(10)	31,256
Buildings, fixed equipment, and infrastructure		512,428	3,375	25,313	(1,998)	539,118
Other equipment		129,741	6,458	880	(3,989)	133,090
Library materials		51,687	2,969	—	—	54,656
		720,968	13,228	29,921	(5,997)	758,120

	Beginning balance	Additions	Transfers	Reductions	Ending balance
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	$ (15,372)	(1,226)	—	10	(16,588)
Buildings, fixed equipment, and infrastructure	(194,925)	(15,082)	—	1,508	(208,499)
Other equipment	(96,577)	(11,366)	—	3,859	(104,084)
Library materials	(38,532)	(2,509)	—	—	(41,041)
	(345,406)	(30,183)	—	5,377	(370,212)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	375,562	(16,955)	29,921	(620)	387,908
Capital assets, net	$ 489,031	44,789	—	(621)	533,199

At September 30, 2012, the University had commitments of approximately $39,618,000 related to various construction projects.

(b) USA Research and Technology Corporation

Changes in capital assets for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are as follows (in thousands):

	2013				
	Beginning balance	Additions	Transfers	Reductions	Ending balance
Land improvements	$ 2,201	—	(2)	—	2,199
Buildings	27,669	235	(6)	—	27,898
Tenant improvements	742	164	8	(46)	868
Construction in progress	—	—	—	—	—
Other equipment	256	—	—	—	256
	30,868	399	—	(46)	31,221
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(748)	(94)	—	—	(842)
Buildings	(4,261)	(702)	(183)	—	(5,146)
Tenant improvements	(528)	(118)	183	46	(417)
Other equipment	(89)	(26)	—	—	(115)
	(5,626)	(940)	—	46	(6,520)
Capital assets, net	$ 25,242	(541)	—	—	24,701

	2012				
	Beginning balance	**Additions**	**Transfers**	**Reductions**	**Ending balance**
Land improvements	$ 2,326	14	7	(146)	2,201
Buildings	27,145	25	499	—	27,669
Tenant improvements	801	14	150	(223)	742
Construction in progress	277	379	(656)	—	—
Other equipment	250	6	—	—	256
	30,799	438	—	(369)	30,868
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Land improvements	(654)	(94)	—	—	(748)
Buildings	(3,746)	(727)	—	212	(4,261)
Tenant improvements	(280)	(248)	—	—	(528)
Other equipment	(64)	(25)	—	—	(89)
	(4,744)	(1,094)	—	212	(5,626)
Capital assets, net	$ 26,055	(656)	—	(157)	25,242

(7) Noncurrent Liabilities

A summary of the University's noncurrent liability activity for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 follows (in thousands):

	2013					
	Beginning balance	**Additions**	**Reductions**	**Ending balance**	**Less amounts due within one year**	**Noncurrent liabilities**
Long-term debt:						
Bonds payable and other	$ 359,699	51,981	(10,790)	400,890	13,153	387,737
Total long-term debt	359,699	51,981	(10,790)	400,890	13,153	387,737
Other long-term liabilities	80,065	32,392	(53,355)	59,102	12,633	46,469
Total noncurrent liabilities	$ 439,764	84,373	(64,145)	459,992	25,786	434,206

	2012					
	Beginning balance	**Additions**	**Reductions**	**Ending balance**	**Less amounts due within one year**	**Noncurrent liabilities**
Long-term debt:						
Bonds payable and other	$ 333,144	34,826	(8,271)	359,699	10,790	348,909
Total long-term debt	333,144	34,826	(8,271)	359,699	10,790	348,909
Other long-term liabilities	96,379	34,179	(50,493)	80,065	13,773	66,292
Total noncurrent liabilities	$ 429,523	69,005	(58,764)	439,764	24,563	415,201

Other long-term liabilities primarily consist of self-insurance liabilities, liabilities related to compensated absences, and the fair value of derivatives. Amounts due within one year are included in accounts payable, accrued liabilities and unrecognized revenue.

(8) Bonds Payable

Bonds payable consisted of the following at September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

	2013	**2012**
University Tuition Revenue Bonds, Series 1999 Capital Appreciation, 4.70% to 5.25%, payable November 2011 through November 2018	$ 31,530	34,398
University Tuition Revenue Refunding and Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2004, 2.00% to 5.00%, payable through March 2024	41,690	42,250
University Tuition Revenue Refunding and Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2006, 5.00%, payable through December 2036	100,000	100,000
University Facilities Revenue and Capital Improvement Bonds, Series 2008, 3.00% to 5.00%, payable through August 2038	106,565	108,850
University Facilities Revenue and Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2010, 3.81%, payable through August 2030	26,636	27,718
University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2012-A, 2.92% payable through August 2032	24,050	25,000
University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2012-B, 2.14% payable through August 2018	6,515	7,740
University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2013-A, 2.83% payable through August 2033	32,000	—

		2013	2012
University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2013-B, 2.83% payable through August 2033	$	10,000	—
University Facilities Revenue Capital Improvement Bond, Series 2013-C, 2.78% payable through August 2025		8,000	—
Borrowing arising from swaption, Series 2004 Bonds		1,653	1,571
Borrowing arising from swaption, Series 2006 Bonds		5,904	5,587
		394,543	353,114
Plus unamortized premium		6,609	6,958
Less unaccreted discount		(36)	(42)
Less unamortized debt extinguishment costs		(226)	(331)
	$	400,890	359,699

Substantially all student tuition and fee revenues secure University bonds. Additionally, security for Series 2008 bonds includes Children's and Women's Hospital revenues in an amount not exceeding $10,000,000. Series 1999 Current Interest Bonds began maturing November 2002, and Capital Appreciation Bonds began maturing in November 2011. Series 1999 Bonds are not redeemable prior to maturity. Series 2004 Bonds began maturing in March 2005 and are redeemable beginning in March 2014. Series 2006 Bonds begin maturing in December 2024 and are redeemable beginning in December 2016. Series 2008 Bonds began maturing in August 2009 and are redeemable beginning in August 2018. The Series 2010 Bond began maturing in August 2011 and is redeemable beginning in February 2020. The 2012-A and 2012-B Bonds began maturing in August 2013. The 2012-A Bond is redeemable beginning in August 2021. The 2012-B Bond is redeemable beginning in January 2015. The 2013-A, 2013-B and 2013-C Bonds begin maturing in August 2014 and are redeemable beginning in June 2023.

In January 2008, the University entered into a synthetic advance refunding of the outstanding Series 2004 and 2006 bonds. This transaction was effected through the sale of two swaptions by the University to counterparty. The proceeds from each sale, totaling $9,328,000, consist of two components, a borrowing and an embedded derivative. The borrowing is included in long-term debt. As a result of this transaction, the counterparty has the option to force the University to redeem its Series 2004 and 2006 bonds at their respective redemption dates. See note 5 for a complete description of this transaction.

During the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the maturity value of the Capital Appreciation Bonds increased $1,581,000 and $1,708,000, respectively, over the original principal amount of $19,810,000, reflecting accretion of interest.

Approximately $6,716,000 of proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2012-A and 2012-B bonds remained unspent at September 30, 2013 and is included in restricted cash and cash equivalents in the 2013 statement of net position. These funds are restricted for capital purposes as outlined in the indenture.

Approximately $48,251,000 of proceeds from the issuance of the Series 2013-A, 2013-B and 2013-C Bonds remained unspent at September 30, 2013 and is included in restricted cash and cash equivalents in the 2013 statement of net position. These funds are restricted for capital purposes as outlined in the indenture.

The University is subject to arbitrage restrictions on its bonded indebtedness prescribed by the U. S. Internal Revenue Service. As such, amounts are accrued as needed in the University's basic financial statement for any expected arbitrage liabilities. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, no amounts were due or recorded in the financial statements.

The University is subject to restrictive covenants related to its bonds payable. At September 30, 2013, management believes the University was in compliance with such financial covenants.

Debt Service on Long-Term Obligations

Total debt service by fiscal year is as follows as of September 30, 2013 (in thousands):

		Debt service on bonds			
		Principal	**Interest**	**Additional maturity**	**Total**
2014	$	12,915	15,483	(1,854)	26,544
2015		13,279	15,279	(1,626)	26,932
2016		13,607	14,957	(1,474)	27,090
2017		16,968	15,065	(782)	31,251
2018		17,386	14,961	(427)	31,920
2019 – 2023		82,201	66,862	(49)	149,014
2024 – 2028		84,963	48,723	—	133,686
2029 – 2033		86,905	29,313	—	116,218
2034 – 2038		72,531	9,120	—	81,651
Subtotal		400,755	229,763	(6,212)	624,306
Plus (less):					
Additional maturity		(6,212)			
Unamortized bond premium		6,609			
Unaccreted bond discount		(36)			
Unamortized debt extinguishment costs		(226)			
Total	$	400,890			

The principal amount of debt service due on bonds at September 30, 2013 includes $5,060,000 representing additional maturity value on Series 1999 Capital Appreciation Bonds. These bonds mature through 2019. Also included in the principal amount of debt service due on bonds at September 30, 2013, is $1,152,000 representing additional maturity value of the borrowing resulting from the Series 2004 and Series 2006 swaption. As described in note 5, additional maturity will continue to accrue until the swaption option period in 2014 and 2016. Although this additional maturity is presented as principal on the debt service schedule above, it is also recognized as interest expense on an annual basis in the University's basic financial statements as it accretes.

(a) USA Research and Technology Corporation

Notes Payable

Notes payable consisted of the following at September 30, 2013 and 2012 (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Wells Fargo, N.A. promissory note, one-month LIBOR plus 0.85% (1.02885% at September 30, 2013) payable through 2028	$	15,128	15,746
PNC Bank promissory note, 4.88%, payable through 2021		9,159	9,487
	$	24,287	25,233

The note payable to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. was incurred by the Corporation to acquire Buildings II and III in the USA Technology & Research Park and to provide funds for renovations and tenant finishing costs. The loan is a fully amortizing promissory note with a 20-year term. As is more fully described below, the Corporation entered into a "receive-variable, pay-fixed" type of interest rate swap on the promissory note, which will yield a synthetic fixed interest rate of 6.1%. The promissory note payable is secured by an interest in the ground lease with respect to the parcels of land on which Buildings II and III stand, an interest in Buildings II and III, an interest in tenant leases for Buildings II and III, and an interest in income received from rental of Buildings II and III. The University also entered into an agreement with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A. providing that, for a year in which the Corporation's debt service coverage ratio is less than one to one, the University will pay the Corporation rent equal to the amount necessary to bring the ratio to one to one.

The promissory note payable to PNC Bank has a 10-year term and amortization is based on a 20-year term. PNC Bank acquired the promissory note as part of its acquisition of RBC Bank (USA) on March 20, 2012. The Corporation agreed to not transfer or encumber the buildings or its leasehold interest in the real estate on which the buildings stand. The promissory note payable is secured by an interest in tenant leases for Building I and the dialysis services building, and an interest in income received from rental of Building I and the dialysis services building. The University also entered into an agreement with PNC Bank providing that, for a year in which the Corporations' debt service coverage ratio is less than one to one, the University will pay the Corporation rent equal to the amount necessary to bring the ratio to one to one.

Proceeds of $0 and $253,000 from the issuance of notes payable remain unspent at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and are restricted for capital purposes. These amounts are included in restricted cash and cash equivalents.

At September 30, 2013, the Corporation's management believes the Corporation was in compliance with its debt covenants.

Debt Service on Long-Term Obligations

At September 30, 2013, total debt service by fiscal year is as follows (in thousands):

	Debt service on note and loan		
	Principal	**Interest**	**Total**
2014	$ 1,002	1,354	2,356
2015	1,060	1,295	2,355
2016	1,118	1,238	2,356
2017	1,186	1,169	2,355
2018	1,250	1,105	2,355
2019 – 2023	12,316	3,565	15,881
2024 – 2028	6,355	979	7,334
Total	$ 24,287	10,705	34,992

Derivative Transaction

The Corporation is a party to a derivative with Wells Fargo Bank, N.A., the counterparty (successor to Wachovia Bank, N.A. the original counterparty). The derivative is a "receive-variable, pay-fixed" interest rate swap entered into in connection with the promissory note to Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.

Objective of the derivative transaction. The Corporation utilizes the interest rate swap to convert its variable rate on the promissory note to a synthetic fixed rate.

The swap will terminate on May 1, 2028, when the loan matures. The notional amount of the swap will at all times match the outstanding principal amount of the loan. Under the swap, the Corporation pays the counterparty a fixed payment of 6.10% and receives a variable payment of the one-month LIBOR rate plus 0.85%. Conversely, the loan bears interest at the one-month LIBOR rate plus 0.85%. The Corporation paid $788,738 and $802,711 under the interest rate swap agreement for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively, which is reflected as an increase in interest expense.

Fair value. The interest rate swap had a negative fair value of $(3,224,626) and $(4,888,612) at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The changes in fair value are reported as deferred outflows on the Statements of Net Position since the interest rate swap is a hedging derivative instrument.

The fair value of the interest rate swap was estimated using the zero-coupon method. This method calculates the future net settlement payments required by the swap, assuming that the current forward rates implied by the yield curve correctly anticipate future spot interest rates. These payments are then discounted using the spot rates implied by the current yield curve for hypothetical zero coupon bonds due on the date of each future net settlement.

Interest rate risk. On the Corporation's "receive-variable, pay-fixed" interest rate swap, as LIBOR decreases, the net payment on the swap increases.

Credit risk. As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, the Corporation was not exposed to credit risk on the interest rate swap because it had a negative fair value. However, if interest rates change and the fair value of the derivatives become positive, the Corporation would have a gross exposure to credit risk in the amount of the derivatives' fair value. The counterparty was rated Aa3 by Moody's Investors Services and AA – by Standard & Poor's Ratings Services as of September 30, 2013 and 2012.

Termination risk. The interest rate swap contracts use the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. Master Agreement, which includes standard default and termination events, such as failure to make payments, breach of agreement, and bankruptcy. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, no events of default or termination had occurred. If the interest rate swap is terminated, interest rate risk associated with the variable rate debt would no longer be hedged. Also, if at the time of termination the interest rate swap had a negative fair value, the Corporation would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the interest rate swap's fair value. To allow the Corporation the maximum flexibility to manage the utilization of Buildings II and III while at the same time providing protection for the counterparty, the Corporation granted the counterparty a $2,000,000 mortgage secured by an interest in the ground lease with respect to the parcel of land on which Building II stands, an interest in Building II, a security interest in Building II tenant leases, and a security interest in income received from rental of Building II.

Derivative payments and hedged debt. As interest rates fluctuate, variable rate debt interest and net derivative payments will fluctuate. Using interest rates as of September 30, 2013, debt service requirements by fiscal year of the variable rate debt and net derivative payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same in the future, are as follows (in thousands):

		Variable rate loan		Interest rate	
		Principal	**Interest**	**swap, net**	**Total**
2014	$	657	154	760	1,571
2015		698	147	726	1,571
2016		738	141	693	1,572
2017		787	132	652	1,571
2018		832	125	614	1,571
2019 – 2023		5,061	472	2,324	7,857
2024 – 2028		6,355	165	814	7,334
Total	$	15,128	1,336	6,583	23,047

(9) Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospitals have agreements with governmental and other third-party payers that provide for reimbursement at amounts different from their established rates. Contractual adjustments under third-party reimbursement programs represent the difference between the Hospitals' billings at established rates for services and amounts reimbursed by third-party payers.

A summary of the basis of reimbursement with major-third party payers follows:

Medicare – Substantially all acute care services rendered to Medicare program beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates. These rates vary according to patient classification systems that are based on clinical, diagnostic, and other factors. Additionally, the Hospitals are reimbursed for both direct and indirect medical education costs (as defined), principally based on per-resident prospective payment amounts and certain adjustments to prospective rate-per-discharge operating reimbursement payments. The Hospitals generally are reimbursed for certain retroactively settled items at tentative rates, with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospitals and audits by the Medicare fiscal intermediary. The cost report for the USA Medical Center has been audited and settled through 2009. The cost report for USA Children's and Women's Hospital has been audited and settled through 2010. Revenue from the Medicare program accounted for approximately 14% and 13% of the Hospitals' net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Blue Cross – Inpatient services rendered to Blue Cross subscribers are paid at a prospectively determined per diem rate. Outpatient services are reimbursed under a cost reimbursement methodology. For outpatient services, the Hospitals are reimbursed at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospitals and audits thereof by Blue Cross. The Hospitals' Blue Cross cost reports have been audited through 2011 and settled for all fiscal years through 2010. Revenue from the Blue Cross program accounted for approximately 20% and 17% of the Hospitals' net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Medicaid – Inpatient services rendered to Medicaid program beneficiaries are reimbursed at all-inclusive prospectively determined per diem rates. Outpatient services are reimbursed based on an established fee schedule.

The Hospitals qualify as Medicaid essential providers and, therefore, also receive supplemental payments based on formulas established by the Alabama Medicaid Agency. There can be no assurance that the Hospitals will continue to qualify for future participation in this program or that the program will not ultimately be discontinued or materially modified.

Revenue from the Medicaid program accounted for approximately 22% and 25% of the Hospitals' net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Other – The Hospitals have also entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The bases for payments to the Hospitals under these agreements include discounts from established charges and prospectively determined daily and case rates.

(Continued)

The composition of net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 follows (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Gross patient service revenue	$	575,718	547,824
Less provision for contractual and other adjustments		(250,047)	(221,339)
Less provision for bad debts		(67,464)	(78,683)
	$	258,207	247,802

Changes in estimates related to prior cost reporting periods resulted in an increase of approximately $1,279,000 and $2,272,000 in net patient service revenue for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

(10) Hospital Lease

In 2006, the University and Infirmary Health System, Inc. (the Infirmary) entered into a Lease Agreement (the Lease) in which the University agreed to lease certain land, buildings and equipment used in connection with the operating of its USA Knollwood Hospital campus to the Infirmary. The original lease was effective through March 2056. The lease provided for its termination, at the option of the Infirmary, in the event that a change in any law, statue, rule, or a regulation of any governmental or other regulatory body was deemed by the Infirmary as significant, as defined by the lease. The hospital was operated as Mobile Infirmary West.

The total amount of the lease payments due the University was based on the fair market value of the appraised assets, $32,418,000. The allocation of the appraised fair market value was $29,370,000 for land and buildings and $3,048,000 for medical equipment, office furnishings and other equipment. In addition to an up-front payment, the lease agreement required monthly lease payments by the Infirmary to the University. In order to properly report this transaction, the University bifurcated the lease into an equipment component and a real property component. The equipment component of the lease was considered a capital lease and as such, a lease receivable was reported in the accompanying basic financial statements of the University. At September 30, 2012, $295,000 was reported as other current assets. The component of the lease attributable to land and buildings was considered an operating lease. As such, lease revenue was recorded and being earned over the life of the lease. Lease revenue in the amounts of approximately $164,000 and $485,000 was reported as other operating revenue in the accompanying basic financial statements for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. Payments received in excess of the amount recognized as lease revenue were unrecognized and amortized over the term of the lease. At September 30, 2012, $5,602,000 was reported as other noncurrent liabilities.

In October 2012, officials of the Infirmary publically announced the closing of the Mobile Infirmary West effective October 31, 2012.

As a result of the closing of the hospital, in May 2013, the University Board of Trustees determined that it was in the best interest of the University to sell Knollwood Hospitals, all related furniture and equipment, adjacent medical office buildings and land. As such, the Board approved a resolution authorizing

University management to seek proposals for the sale of Knollwood and proceed with negotiations with potential buyers. Subsequent to a public advertisement and negotiation period, the University and the Infirmary entered into a Purchase and Sale Agreement (the Agreement), dated June 5, 2013. The Agreement called for the sale of all land, buildings, furniture and equipment at Knollwood to the Infirmary for a purchase price of $5,000,000 and effectively canceled the original 2006 lease agreement. Following a period of due diligence the transaction was closed on July 19, 2013. At closing, the Infirmary made a payment of $2,500,000 to the University and issued a promissory note, dated July 19, 2013, for the remaining $2,500,000. The promissory note is backed by an irrevocable standby letter of credit for $2,500,000 naming the University as the beneficiary.

At the time of the closing, the University wrote off capital assets with a cost of approximately $31,597,000 and accumulated depreciation of approximately $19,601,000. Unrecognized revenue related to the original lease of approximately $5,692,000 was also written off. A note receivable in the amount of $2,500,000, due July 19, 2014, was recognized and is reported as a current note receivable in the University's 2013 statement of net position. As a result of the transaction, the University recognized a loss on the sale of $1,304,000 which is reported as an other nonoperating expense in the 2013 statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

(11) Employee Benefits

(a) Retirement and Pension Plans

Employees of the University are covered by two pension plans: a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Alabama (TRS), and a defined contribution pension plan.

Permanent employees of the University participate in TRS, a public retirement system created by an act of the State Legislature, with benefit provisions established by the Code of Alabama. Responsibility for general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in the Board of Control (currently 14 members). Benefits fully vest after 10 years of full time, permanent employment. Vested employees may retire with full benefits at age 60 or after 25 years of service. Participating retirees may elect the maximum benefit, or may choose among four other monthly benefit options. Under the maximum benefit, participants are allowed 2.0125% of their average final salary (average of three highest years of annual compensation during the last ten years of service) for each year of service. The TRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to the Retirement Systems of Alabama, P.O. Box 302150, Montgomery, Alabama 36130-2150, or by calling (334) 832 4140.

Prior to October 1, 2011, all employees covered by this retirement plan were required to contribute 5% of their eligible earnings to TRS. Effective October 1, 2011 and 2012, the required employee contribution was increased to 7.25% and 7.5%, respectively, of their eligible earnings. An actuary employed by the TRS Board of Control establishes the employer-matching amount annually. During 2013, 2012 and 2011, the University made total contributions of $21,879,000, $23,381,000, and $31,420,000 (100% of the required contributions), respectively, to TRS on behalf of participants. For employees that were hired before January 1, 2013, the University contribution rate was 10%, 10%, and 12.51% in 2013, 2012 and 2011, respectively, of each participant's gross earnings. For employees hired after January 1, 2013, the University contribution rate is 9.44% of each participant's gross earnings. The University's payroll for all employees was approximately $254,249,000 and $268,684,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively. The LLC's payroll for all employees was approximately $61,645,000 and $43,479,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively. Total payroll for University employees participating in the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama was approximately $217,164,000 and $233,806,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively.

The defined contribution pension plan covers certain academic and administrative employees, and participation by eligible employees is optional. Under this plan, administered by Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association – College Retirement Equities Fund (TIAA-CREF), contributions by eligible employees are matched equally by the University up to a maximum of 3% of current annual pay. The University and the employees each contributed $928,000 and $984,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively, representing 436 and 469 employees participating in this Plan.

All employees of the LLC working at least half time are eligible to participate in a defined contribution pension plan. Under this plan, contributions by eligible employees are matched equally by the LLC up to a maximum of 5% of current annual pay. The LLC and the employees contributed $1,885,000 and $1,272,000, respectively in 2013 and 2012 representing 679 and 531, employees participating in this plan. University employees as of September 30, 2011 who later transfer to the LLC are immediately vested in the plan. All other employees do not vest until they have held employment with the LLC for thirty-six months; at which time they become 100% vested in the plan.

(b) Compensated Absences

Regular University employees accumulate vacation and sick leave and hospital and clinical employees accumulate paid time off. These are subject to maximum limitations, at varying rates depending upon their employee classification and length of service. Upon separation of employment, employees who were hired before January 1, 2012 are paid all unused accrued vacation at their regular rate of pay up to a maximum of two times their annual accumulation rate. Employees hired after January 1, 2012 are not eligible for payment of unused accrued vacation or PTO hours upon separation of employment. The accompanying statements of net position includes accruals for vacation pay and paid time off of approximately $15,763,000 and $15,990,000 at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. The current portion of the accrual is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities and the noncurrent portion is included in other long term liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements. No accrual is recognized for sick leave benefits since no terminal cash benefit is available to employees for accumulated sick leave.

(c) Other Postretirement Employee Benefits

As the provider of postretirement benefits to state retirees, the state is responsible for implementing GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. In September 2003, the State of Alabama Legislature passed legislation that requires all colleges and universities to fund the healthcare premiums of its participating retirees. In prior years, such costs have been paid by the State. Beginning in October 2003, the University was assessed a monthly premium by the Public Education Employees'

Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP) based on the number of retirees in the system and an actuarially determined premium. During the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the University's expense related to PEEHIP was $7,130,000 and $7,318,000, respectively.

(12) Risk Management

The University, USAHSF, LLC and SAMSF participate in the professional liability trust fund and the University, USAHSF, LLC, SAMSF and the Corporation participates in the general liability trust fund. Both funds are administered by an independent trustee. These trust funds are revocable and use contributions by the University and USAHSF, together with earnings thereon, to pay liabilities arising from the performance of its employees, trustees and other individuals acting on behalf of the University. If the trust funds are ever terminated, appropriate provision for payment of related claims will be made and any remaining balance will be distributed to the University and USAHSF in proportion to contributions made.

As discussed in note 1, the PLTF and GLTF are blended component units of the University, as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, and as such are included in the basic financial statements of the University for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012. Claims and expenses are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Those losses include an estimate of claims that have been incurred but not reported and the future costs of handling claims. These liabilities are generally based on actuarial valuations and are reported at their present value.

The University and LLC participate in a self-insured health plan, administered by an unaffiliated entity. Administrative fees paid by the University for such services were approximately $1,697,000 and $1,712,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively. Contributions by the University and its employees, together with earnings thereon, are used to pay liabilities arising from healthcare claims. It is the opinion of University administration that plan assets are sufficient to meet future plan obligations.

The changes in the total self insurance liabilities for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 for the PLTF, GLTF and health plan are summarized as follows (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Balance, beginning of year	$	22,747	38,568
Liabilities incurred and other additions		60,804	51,937
Claims, administrative fees paid and other reductions		(62,254)	(67,758)
Balance, end of year	$	21,297	22,747

Self-insurance liabilities due within one year are included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. The noncurrent portion is included in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying basic financial statements.

(13) Other Related Party

SAMSF is a not-for-profit corporation that exists for the purpose of promoting education and research at the University. At September 30, 2013 and 2012, SAMSF had total assets of $12,235,000 and $11,506,000, net assets of $9,501,000 and $8,933,000, and total revenues of $3,474,000 and $3,175,000, respectively.

SAMSF reimburses the University for certain administrative expenses and other related support services. Total amounts received for such expenses were approximately $711,000 and $521,000 in 2013 and 2012, respectively, and are reflected as private grants and contracts in the accompanying statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position.

(14) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Grants and Contracts

At September 30, 2013 and 2012, the University had been awarded approximately $24,175,000 and $35,987,000, respectively, in grants and contracts for which resources had not been received and for which reimbursable expenditures had not been made for the purposes specified. These awards, which represent commitments of sponsors to provide funds for research or training projects, have not been reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements as the eligibility requirements of the award have not been met. Advances include amounts received from grant and contract sponsors which have not been earned under the terms of the agreements and, therefore, have not yet been included in revenues in the accompanying basic financial statements. Federal awards are subject to audit by Federal agencies. The University's management believes any adjustment from such audits will not be material.

(b) Letter of Credit

In connection with the Hospitals' participation in the State of Alabama Medicaid Program, the University has established a $77,000 irrevocable standby letter of credit with Wells Fargo, N.A. The Alabama Medicaid Agency is the beneficiary of this letter of credit. No funds were advanced under this letter during the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012.

(c) Litigation

Various claims have been filed against the University alleging discriminatory employment practices and other matters. University administration and legal counsel are of the opinion the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the financial position or the statements of revenues, expenses, and changes in net position of the University.

(d) Rent Supplement Agreements

The University has entered into two irrevocable rent supplement agreements with the Corporation and a financial institution. The agreements require that, in the event the Corporation fails to maintain a debt service coverage ratio of one to one with respect to all of its outstanding indebtedness, the University will pay to the Corporation any and all rent amounts necessary to cause the Corporation's net operating income to be equal to the Corporation's annual debt service obligations (see note 8). As of September 30, 2013 and 2012, no amounts were payable pursuant to these agreements.

(e) State Bond Issues

The State of Alabama has made allocations to the University from bond issues in prior years. Pursuant to these allocations, at September 30, 2013, approximately $3,594,000 is unspent and

(Continued)

remains available to the University for certain future construction costs. The allocations have not been reflected in the accompanying basic financial statements.

(f) Sale of Brookley Campus

On September 29, 2010, the University and the USA Foundation executed purchase and sale agreement calling for the University to sell approximately 327 acres on Mobile Bay, known as the Brookley campus, to the Foundation. The terms of the agreement required the Foundation to pay the University $20,000,000; $4,000,000 at closing and $4,000,000 annually thereafter through the 2015 fiscal year. The sale closed on November 10, 2010 and the initial payment was received by the University at that point. The transaction is recorded as an installment sale. As such, during the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012, the University reported a gain on the sale of $2,116,000 and $2,035,000, respectively, which is reported as other nonoperating revenues in the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position. At September 30, 2013, the University is reporting a note receivable from the Foundation in the amount of $7,544,000 ($3,698,000 is reported as a current asset in notes receivable and $3,846,000 is reported as a noncurrent asset in noncurrent notes receivable) and unrecognized revenue in the amount of $4,489,000 ($2,201,000 is reported as current unrecognized revenue and $2,288,000 as other noncurrent liabilities). At September 30, 2012, the University is reporting a note receivable from the Foundation in the amount of $11,100,000 ($3,556,000 is reported as a current asset in notes receivable and $7,544,000 is reported as a noncurrent asset in noncurrent notes receivable) and unrecognized revenue in the amount of $6,605,000 ($2,116,000 is reported as current unrecognized revenue and $4,489,000 as other noncurrent liabilities). The unrecognized revenue will be amortized as an installment gain as payments are received through 2015.

(g) USA Research and Technology Corporations Leases

The Corporation leases space in Building I to three tenants under operating leases. One lease has a 5-year initial term expiring in October 2018 with two 5-year renewal options. Another lease has a 10-year initial term expiring in March 2021, an option to cancel at the end of 6 years, and two 5-year renewal options. The third lease has a 67-month initial term expiring in December 2018 with no renewal options.

Space in Buildings II and III is leased under operating leases to the University and various other tenants. Space under lease to the University was 48,900 and 53,000 square feet at September 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively.

Under leases for Buildings I, II, and III, the Corporation must pay all operating expenses of the buildings, including utilities, janitorial, maintenance, property taxes, and insurance. Tenants will reimburse the Corporation for such expenses only as the total expenses for a year increase over the total expenses for the base year of the lease (the Corporation’s fiscal year beginning after the date the lease is signed). The leases have terms varying from one to ten years.

The Corporation owns a building located on the premises of the USA Medical Center which is leased to a single tenant. The Corporation paid for construction of the building shell and land improvements while the tenant paid for the cost of finishing the building’s interior. The lease has a ten year initial term with three five-year renewal options. Under the lease, the tenant must also pay for utilities, taxes, insurance, and interior repairs and maintenance. The Corporation is responsible for repairs and maintenance to the exterior and HVAC system.

The Corporation, as lessor, had three ground leases in place at September 30, 2013 and 2012. One lease is for a 40-year initial term with 20-year, and 15-year renewal options. The second lease is for a 30-year initial term with four 5-year renewal options. The third lease has a 38.5-year initial term with 20-year and 15-year renewal options.

In connection with one of the ground leases discussed above, the lessee agreed to construct a building as additional rent under the ground lease agreement. This building was constructed by the lessee during the year ended September 30, 2011. The building was then transferred to the Corporation. The fair value of the building was approximately $363,000 and this amount will be amortized as rental income by the Corporation over the ground lease term.

Minimum future rentals by fiscal year are as follows (in thousands):

2014	$	2,336
2015		1,774
2016		1,629
2017		1,367
2018		1,170
2019 – 2046		6,967
Total	$	15,243

(15) Functional Information

Operating expenses by functional classification for the years ended September 30, 2013 and 2012 are listed below (in thousands). In preparing the basic financial statements, all significant transactions and balances among accounts have been eliminated.

		2013	2012
Instruction	$	118,254	115,526
Research		21,095	20,860
Public service		46,723	48,110
Academic support		15,999	16,184
Student services		28,673	26,831
Institutional support		28,528	24,837
Operation and maintenance of plant		26,459	29,901
Scholarships		6,532	5,290
Hospital		265,775	251,196
Auxiliary enterprises		14,233	13,102
Depreciation and amortization		29,849	30,396
	$	602,120	582,233

(16) Blended Component Units

As more fully described in notes 1(b) and 1(c), the LLC, PLTF and GLTF are considered component units pursuant to the provisions of GASB Statement No. 61. In accordance with that statement, the LLC, PLTF and GLTF are reported as blended component units. Required combining financial information is presented below (in thousands):

		2013	2012
Current assets	$	23,641	44,824
Noncurrent assets		27,133	13,286
Total assets		50,774	58,110
Current liabilities		34,187	39,305
Noncurrent liabilities		16,301	18,606
Total liabilities		50,488	57,911
Net position	$	286	199
Operating revenues	$	83,710	59,943
Operating expenses		(86,948)	(64,461)
Operating loss		(3,238)	(4,518)
Nonoperating revenues		3,325	4,620
Change in net position	$	87	102

(17) Significant New (Future) Accounting Pronouncements

In March 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 66, *Technical Corrections – 2012*. GASB Statement No. 66 resolves conflicting guidance that resulted from the issuance of GASB Statements No. 54 and 62 and will be effective for the year ending September 30, 2014. In June 2012, the GASB issued Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*. GASB Statement No. 68 changes accounting and financial reporting for entities participating in certain pension plans and will be effective for the year ending September 30, 2015. In January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 69, *Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations*. GASB Statement No. 69 establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations and will be effective for the year ending September 30, 2015.

Also in January 2013, the GASB issued Statement No. 70, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees*. GASB Statement No. 70 requires that governments that extend financial guarantees for the obligation of another government recognize and record a liability arising out of that guarantee when it comes reasonably more than likely that the government will be required to make a payment on the guarantee and will be effective for the year ending September 30, 2014.

The effect of the implementation of GASB Statements Nos. 66, 68, 69 and 70 on the University has not yet been determined.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year ended September 30, 2013

Federal sponsor / Program title	CFDA	Pass-through award number	Pass-through entity	Direct expenditures	Pass-through expenditures	Total expenditures
Student Financial Aid Cluster*:						
U.S. Department of Education:						
Federal Pell Grant Program	84.063			$ 19,232,175	—	19,232,175
Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant Program	84.007			319,419	—	319,419
Federal Direct Student Loan Program	84.268			105,433,020	—	105,433,020
Federal Work Study Program	84.033			434,795	—	434,795
Teacher Education Assistance for College and Higher Education	84.379			38,313	—	38,313
Nurse Faculty Loan Program	93.264			202,853	—	202,853
Total Student Financial Aid Cluster				125,660,575	—	125,660,575
Research and Development Cluster*:						
U.S. Department of Agriculture:						
Wetlands Reserve Program	10.072			65,224	—	65,224
Forestry Research	10.652			38,027	—	38,027
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				103,251	—	103,251
U.S. Department of Commerce:						
Sea Grant Support	11.417	GR2375MC	Dauphin Island Sea Lab	—	23,348	23,348
Sea Grant Support	11.417	USM-GRO3925/CCD-23-PP	University of Southern Mississippi	—	37,840	37,840
Total CFDA				—	61,188	61,188
Marine Fisheries Initiative	11.433			11,447	—	11,447
Unallied Management Projects	11.454			72,981	—	72,981
Habitat Conservation	11.463			3,090	—	3,090
Coastal Alabama Economic Recovery	11.463	GMT-USA-111711	The Nature Conservancy	—	13,636	13,636
Total CFDA				3,090	13,636	16,726
Congressionally Identified Award and Projects	11.469	10-62-08-A1	Exxon Valdez Oil Spill Trustee	—	47,803	47,803
Alabama Coastal Pelagic Fisheries	11.472	TASK ORDER D-4	Dauphin Island Sea Lab (MESC)	—	108,286	108,286
Center for Sponsored Coastal Ocean Research - Coastal Ocean	11.478			12,898	—	12,898
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				100,416	230,913	331,329
U.S. Department of Defense:						
Military Medical Research and Development	12.420			128,095	—	128,095
Basic Scientific Research	12.431			41,035	—	41,035
Air Force Defense Research Sciences Program	12.800			104,373	—	104,373
Information Security Grant Program	12.902			72,503	—	72,503
Total U.S. Department of Defense				346,006	—	346,006
U.S. Department of Interior:						
Mineral Management Services Environmental Studies Program	15.423	50065.13	University of New Orleans	—	50,065	50,065
Sport Fish Restoration Program	15.605	130033/120071/130032	Alabama Department of Conservation and Natural Resources	—	175,437	175,437
Endangered Species Conservation - Recovery Implementation Funds	15.657			5,754	—	5,754
Historic Preservations Funds	15.904	130293	The Jefferson Davis Home & Presidential Library	—	14,203	14,203
Historic Preservations Funds	15.904	130349	J O Collins Contractor, Inc.	—	2,348	2,348
Total CFDA				—	16,551	16,551
Technical Preservation Services	15.915	P11AC000159	National Park Service	—	6,626	6,626
American Battlefield Protection	15.926			10,241	—	10,241
Total U.S. Department of Interior				15,995	248,679	264,674
U.S. Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	930-839R	Alabama Department of Transportation	—	531,115	531,115
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	130073	University of Alabama	—	17,893	17,893
Total CFDA				—	549,008	549,008
University Transportation Centers Program	20.701	USM-GRO4753-01	University of Southern Mississippi	—	4,719	4,719
Total U.S. Department of Transportation				—	553,727	553,727

(Continued)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2013

Federal sponsor / Program title	CFDA	Pass-through award number	Pass-through entity	Direct expenditures	Pass-through expenditures	Total expenditures
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:						
Aerospace Education Services Program	43.001	SUB2010-2006	University of Alabama in Huntsville	$ —	141,065	141,065
Technology Transfer	43.002	SUB2010-176-A2-02	University of Alabama in Huntsville	—	4,960	4,960
Education	43.008	XHAB 2014-02	National Space Grant Foundation	—	2,962	2,962
Education	43.008	2013-067	University of Alabama in Huntsville	—	8,138	8,138
Education	43.008	USM GRO4613-001	University of Southern Mississippi	—	95,121	95,121
Total CFDA				—	106,221	106,221
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration				—	252,246	252,246
National Science Foundation:						
Engineering Grants	47.041			200,939	—	200,939
Mathematical and Physical Sciences	47.049			141,575	—	141,575
Geosciences	47.050			62,872	—	62,872
Geosciences	47.050	TASK ORDER D-9	Dauphin Island Sea Lab	—	13,096	13,096
Total CFDA				62,872	13,096	75,968
Biological Sciences	47.074			16,667	—	16,667
Biological Sciences	47.074	NYBG-120619710-USAM	New York Botanical Gardens	—	1,054	1,054
Total CFDA				16,667	1,054	17,721
Social Behavioral and Economic Sciences	47.075			27,246	—	27,246
Education and Human Resources	47.076			187,631	—	187,631
Education and Human Resources	47.076	12-120333	Mobile Area Education Foundation Inc.	—	56,108	56,108
Total CFDA				187,631	56,108	243,739
Polar Programs	47.078			76,798	—	76,798
Office of Experimental Programs	47.081	34-21530-200-76190	Tuskegee University	—	96,951	96,951
Office of Experimental Programs	47.081	SUB2011-026	University of Alabama in Huntsville	—	156,787	156,787
Total CFDA				—	253,738	253,738
ARRA - NSF Recovery Act Research Support	47.082			11,985	—	11,985
ARRA - NSF Recovery Act Research Support	47.082	AA-5-31980	Oklahoma State University	—	34,042	34,042
ARRA - NSF Recovery Act Research Support	47.082	1328-206-2087448	Clemson University	—	6,774	6,774
Total CFDA				11,985	40,816	52,801
Total National Science Foundation				725,713	364,812	1,090,525
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency:						
Dendritic Polynmers as Biocompatible	66.509	1614-218-2008962	Clemson University	—	51,530	51,530
U.S. Department of Energy:						
Basic Energy Sciences University and Science	81.049			8,444	—	8,444
Basic Energy Sciences University and Science	81.049	10-ENG-246590-USA	Auburn University	—	23,519	23,519
Total CFDA				8,444	23,519	31,963
Total U. S. Department of Energy				8,444	23,519	31,963
U.S. Department of Education:						
Research in Special Education	84.324			124,293	—	124,293
Project C. A. R. E	84.377	110347	Information Transport Solutions, Inc.	—	46,070	46,070
Total U. S. Department of Education				124,293	46,070	170,363
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:						
National Institute of Health	93.004	130119	National USA Foundation, Inc.	—	10,147	10,147
Birth Defects and Development Disabilities	93.073	NO1-A1-30025-01	University of Alabama in Birmingham	—	(3,705)	(3,705)
Environmental Health	93.113	100,340	Exscien	—	76,551	76,551
Environmental Health	93.113			231,120	—	231,120
Total CFDA				231,120	76,551	307,671
Oral Diseases and Disorders Research	93.121	R 548086-03	State University of New York – Buffalo	—	11,681	11,681
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307			1,255,009	—	1,255,009
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307	30021805313	University of Michigan	—	1,771	1,771
Total CFDA				1,255,009	1,771	1,256,780
National Center for Research Resources	93.389			456,537	—	456,537

(Continued)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2013

Federal sponsor / Program title	CFDA	Pass-through award number	Pass-through entity	Direct expenditures	Pass-through expenditures	Total expenditures
Cancer Cause and Prevention Research	93.393			$ 955,538	—	955,538
Cancer Cause and Prevention Research	93.393	S12001	Southern Research Institute	—	66,042	66,042
Total CFDA				955,538	66,042	1,021,580
Cancer Detection and Diagnosis Research	93.394			393,393	—	393,393
Cancer Treatment Research	93.395			7,923	—	7,923
Cancer Treatment Research	93.395	7U10CA76001-4	Duke University Medical Center	—	6,277	6,277
Cancer Treatment Research	93.395	98543-1234	National Childhood Cancer Foundation	—	10,205	10,205
Cancer Treatment Research	93.395	AL0088	Brigham and Women's Hospital	—	53	53
Cancer Treatment Research	93.395	27469-02	University of Alabama	—	7,913	7,913
Total CFDA				7,923	24,448	32,371
Cancer Biology Research	93.396			275,123	—	275,123
Cancer Centers Support	93.397	000402714-001	University of Alabama at Birmingham	—	5,494	5,494
NIH Recovery Act Research Support	93.701	12-7921-2009-8.A	Children's Hospital of Oakland	—	(65)	(65)
ARRA-National Center for Research Resources, Recovery Act Construction Support	93.702			8,137,168	—	8,137,168
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	PS#107223	Brigham and Women's Hospital	1,674,686	1,785	1,676,471
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837	SR00001589	University of Maryland	—	(3,594)	(3,594)
Total CFDA				1,674,686	(1,809)	1,672,877
Lung Diseases Research	93.838			3,293,077	—	3,293,077
Blood Diseases and Resources Research	93.839	130317	Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center	—	12,339	12,339
Blood Diseases and Resources Research	93.839	101524623	Baylor College of Medicine	—	20,398	20,398
Total CFDA				—	32,737	32,737
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847			(895)	—	(895)
Diabetes, Digestive, and Kidney Diseases Extramural Research	93.847	VUMC37157	Vanderbilt University	—	16,621	16,621
Total CFDA				(895)	16,621	15,726
Allergy Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.853	A08580	Yale University	—	46,895	46,895
Allergy Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.853	126155-03	University of British Columbia	—	(9,577)	(9,577)
Allergy Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.853			(2,378)	—	(2,378)
Total CFDA				(2,378)	37,318	34,940
Allergy Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.855		The Regents of the University of California	708,102	204,836	912,938
Pharmacology Physiology and Biological Chemistry	93.859		Social and Scientific Systems, Inc.	452,476	30,199	482,675
Vision Research	93.867			252,113	—	252,113
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				18,088,992	512,266	18,601,258
Total Research and Development Cluster				19,513,110	2,283,762	21,796,872
Other federal assistance:						
U.S. Department of Commerce:						
Sea Grant Support	11.417	USM-GR04867-01	Mississippi-Alabama Sea Grant Consortium	—	1,923	1,923
Coastal Zone Management Estuarine Research	11.420			979	—	979
NIST Summer Undergrad Research Fellowship	11.609			8,736	—	8,736
Congressionally Identified Projects*	11.617			414,465	—	414,465
Total U.S. Department of Commerce				424,180	1,923	426,103
U.S. Department of Defense:						
Procurement Technical Assistance for Business Firms	12.002	PTAC-USA-10-067/UA 11-062	University of Alabama	—	6,874	6,874
Total U. S. Department of Defense				—	6,874	6,874
U. S. Department of Justice						
Bulletproof Vest Partnership	16.607	11BPBPV005	Alabama Department of Economic and Community Affairs	—	(103)	(103)
U.S. Department of Transportation:						
Highway Research and Development Program	20.200	TASK ORDER 12005	Kilgore Consulting and Management	—	16,608	16,608
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205	DPI-0030 (005)	Alabama Department of Public Transportation	—	(226)	(226)
Total U. S. Department of Transportation				—	16,382	16,382

(Continued)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2013

Federal sponsor / Program title	CFDA	Pass-through award number	Pass-through entity	Direct expenditures	Pass-through expenditures	Total expenditures
National Aeronautics and Space Administration:						
Aerospace Education Services Program	43.001			$ 273	—	273
Aerospace Education Services Program	43.001	SUB2010-176-A3	University of Alabama in Huntsville	—	23,185	23,185
Total CFDA				273	23,185	23,458
Technology Transfer	43.002	SUB2010-176	University of Alabama in Huntsville	—	44,150	44,150
Education	43.008	USM-GR04613-001	University of Southern Mississippi	—	(150)	(150)
Total National Aeronautics and Space Administration				273	67,185	67,458
National Science Foundation:						
Therophysical and Solvent Properties	47.041			29,278	—	29,278
Biological Sciences	47.074			97,817	—	97,817
Education and Human Resources	47.076			339,968	—	339,968
Education and Human Resources	47.076	000398033-006	University of Alabama at Birmingham	—	41,717	41,717
Education and Human Resources	47.076	062900-362475	Mississippi State University	—	23,495	23,495
Education and Human Resources	47.076	120,282	Stevens Institute of Technology	—	2,500	2,500
Education and Human Resources	47.076	100390	Mobile Area Education Foundation Inc.	—	12,307	12,307
Total CFDA				339,968	80,019	419,987
ARRA-Pathway to Science	47.082			116,925	—	116,925
Total National Science Foundation				583,988	80,019	664,007
U.S. Small Business Administration:						
Small Business Development Centers	59.037	SBA-USA-UA13-028	US Small Business Association	—	47,392	47,392
Small Business Development Centers	59.037	SBAUA12-023	University of Alabama	—	1,487	1,487
Total U.S. Small Business Administration				—	48,879	48,879
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency						
Science to Achieve Results	66.514			6,357	—	6,357
U.S. Department of Energy:						
Basic Energy Sciences University and Science Education	81.049	DE-SC0002470	University of Alabama	—	13,023	13,023
Total U. S. Department of Energy				—	13,023	13,023
U.S. Department of Education:						
Special Education Grants to States	84.027	100383/110373	Alabama State Department of Education	—	35,000	35,000
TRIO Cluster:						
TRIO Talent Search	84.044			309,981	—	309,981
TRIO Upward Bound	84.047			242,420	—	242,420
Total TRIO Cluster				552,401	—	552,401
Special Education - State Personnel Development	84.323	C3U0473	Alabama State Department of Education	—	25,400	25,400
Transition to Teaching	84.350			(2,000)	—	(2,000)
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366	U100606	Alabama Department of Education	—	488,386	488,386
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	100406/110312	Alabama Commission of Higher Education	—	186,535	186,535
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	13-130338	Alabama State Department of Education	—	19,136	19,136
Total CFDA				—	205,671	205,671
Total U.S. Department of Education				550,401	754,457	1,304,858

(Continued)

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Year ended September 30, 2013

Federal sponsor / Program title	CFDA	Pass-through award number	Pass-through entity	Direct expenditures	Pass-through expenditures	Total expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services:						
Alzheimer's Disease Demonstration Grants to States	93.051	12-120267	South Alabama Regional Planning Commission	$ —	8,525	8,525
Personal Responsibility Education Program	93.092	C30117158	State of Alabama Department of Public Health	—	29,906	29,906
Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth	93.153			344,616	—	344,616
Advanced Education Nursing Grant Programs	93.247			2,597,481	—	2,597,481
Universal Newborn Hearing Study	93.251	C20119022	State of Alabama Department of Public Health	—	37,000	37,000
Centers for Disease Control	93.283	C10114277	State of Alabama Department of Public Health	—	120,525	120,525
Basic Nurse Education and Practice Grants	93.359			332,527	—	332,527
Patient Protection and Affordable Act	93.541	000305851-021	University of Alabama at Birmingham	—	107	107
Strong Start for Mothers and Newborns	93.611	120334		47,563	—	47,563
ARRA-Health Information Technology Regional Extension Centers Program*	93.718			1,356,761	—	1,356,761
Lung Diseases Research	93.838			55,490	—	55,490
Grants for Residency Training for General Pediatrics	93.884			484,032	—	484,032
Health Care and Other Facilities	93.887			1,032,051	—	1,032,051
Specially Selected Health Projects	93.888			52,803	—	52,803
National Bioterrorism Hospital Preparedness Program	93.889	C10114292(EEP-13-QW2-12)	Alabama Department of Public Health	—	872,225	872,225
HIV Care Formula Grants	93.917	RW-USAF-1112	United Way of Central Alabama	—	53,871	53,871
Cooperative Agreements to Support State-Based Infant	93.946	120025	Mobile County Health Department	—	123,724	123,724
Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant	93.994		State of Alabama Department of Public Health	—	12,068	12,068
National Network for Libraries of Medicine	93.UNK	8278	University of Maryland	—	161	161
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				6,303,324	1,258,112	7,561,436
Corporation for National and Community Service:						
AmeriCorps	94.006			26,898	—	26,898
Total other federal assistance				7,895,421	2,246,751	10,142,172
Total federal expenditures				$ 153,069,106	4,530,513	157,599,619

* Denotes a major program.

See accompanying notes to the schedule of expenditures of federal awards.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

September 30, 2013

(1) Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the University of South Alabama (the University) and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Therefore, some amounts presented in the Schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

(2) Campus-Based Loan Programs

Outstanding loans made by the University are included in notes receivable in the University's 2013 statement of net position and consist of the following loan programs:

	CFDA #		Outstanding amount at September 30, 2013	Amount advanced in 2013
Federal Perkins Loan Program	84.038	$	3,932,101	596,247
Loans for Disadvantaged Students	93.342		623	—
Health Professions Student Loans	93.342		3,162	—
Nurse Faculty Loan Program	93.264		346,217	202,853
Nurse Faculty Loan Program ARRA	93.408		42,115	—
		$	4,324,218	799,100

There were no loans advanced related to Loans for Disadvantaged Students and Health Professions Student Loans for the year ended September 30, 2013.

(3) Contingencies

The University's federal programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by grantor agencies which, if instances of material noncompliance are found, may result in disallowed expenditures and affect the University's continued participation in specific programs.

(4) Federal Direct Student Loans (CFDA #84.268)

The University's Federal Direct Student Loan Program (Direct Loan) included in the Schedule represents loans received by students of the University during fiscal year 2013 which were not made by the University. Accordingly, Direct Loan amounts are not reflected in the University's basic financial statements. It is not practicable to determine the balance of loans outstanding to students and former students of the University under these programs as of September 30, 2013.

During fiscal year ended September 30, 2013, the University advanced to students the following amounts of new loans under Direct Loan Programs:

		Amount advanced
Stafford loans	$	23,467,555
Unsubsidized Stafford loans		69,388,132
Parent Loans for Undergraduate Students		12,577,333
Total	$	105,433,020

(5) Subrecipients

Of the federal expenditures presented in the Schedule, the University provided federal awards to subrecipients under the following programs:

	Federal CFDA #		Amounts expended
Aerospace Education Services Program	43.001	$	42,681
Biological Sciences	47.074		16,667
Education and Human Resources	47.076		20,814
Mathematics and Science Partnerships	84.366		18,376
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants on Higher Education	84.367		92,740
Environmental Health	93.113		28,154
Coordinated Services and Access to Research for Women, Infants, Children, and Youth	93.153		11,071
Minority Health and Health Disparities Research	93.307		48,080
National Center for Research Resources	93.389		134,973
Cancer Causes and Prevention Research	93.393		56,989
Cardiovascular Diseases Research	93.837		41,559
Lung Diseases Research	93.838		133,147
Health Information Technology Regional Extension Centers Program	93.718		498,943
Vision Research	93.867		14,000
Allergy, Immunology and Transplantation Research	93.855		43,194
Grants for Residency Training for General Pediatrics	93.884		9,758
		$	1,211,146

(Continued)

(6) Matching

Under the Federal Supplemental Education Opportunity Grant Program, the University matched $140,646 in funds awarded to students for the year ended September 30, 2013 in addition to the Federal share of expenditures included in the Schedule.

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The Board of Trustees
University of South Alabama:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of the University of South Alabama, a component unit of the State of Alabama, (the University) and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2013. Our report includes a reference to other auditors who audited the financial statements of the University of South Alabama Foundation, as described in our report on the University's financial statements. This report does not include the results of the other auditors' testing on internal control over financial reporting or compliance and other matters that are reported on separately by those auditors. The financial statements of the University of South Alabama Foundation, the University of South Alabama Health Services Foundation, the USA Research and Technology Corporation, and the Professional and General Liability Trust Funds were not audited in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards.*

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the University's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given those limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the University's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the University's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

KPMG LLP

Jackson, Mississippi
November 15, 2013

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Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*

The Board of Trustees
University of South Alabama:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the University of South Alabama's (the University) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the University's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013. The University's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the University's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the University's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the University's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the University complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the University is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the University's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by OMB Circular A-133

We have audited the financial statements of the University and its aggregate discretely presented component units as of and for the year ended September 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the University's basic financial statements. We issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2013, which contained unmodified opinions on those financial statements. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditure of federal awards is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

KPMG LLP

Jackson, Mississippi
November 15, 2013

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year ended September 30, 2013

I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	____ yes __x__ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ yes __x__ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	____ yes __x__ no

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	____ yes __x__ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ yes __x__ none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 510(a) of Circular A-133?	____ yes __x__ no

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers	Name of Federal Program/Cluster
84.063, 84.007, 84.268, 84.033, 84.379, 84.038, 93.342, 93.264, 93.408	Student Financial Aid Cluster
Various	Research and Development Cluster
11.617	U.S. Department of Commerce/ Congressionally Identified Projects
93.718	U.S. Department of Health and Human Services/ARRA - Health Information Technology Regional Extension Centers Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	$ 958,167
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	____ yes __x__ no

Section II – Findings Related to Financial Statements Reported in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

There were no findings related to the financial statements reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* for the year ended September 30, 2013.

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs relating to Federal Awards

There were no findings related to the federal awards for the year ended September 30, 2013.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Year ended September 30, 2013

Section III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs relating to Federal Awards

Finding No. 2013-01 Special Tests and Provisions – Verification

Federal Agency:

U.S. Department of Education

CFDA Numbers:

84.063, 84.007, 84.268, 84.033, 84.379, 84.038, 93.342, 93.264, 93.408, 93.925

Program:

Student Financial Aid Cluster

Award Year:

July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2012
July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2013

Criteria

Under the Student Financial Aid Cluster, schools must perform verification of information submitted by applicants in connection with the calculation of their expected family contribution in accordance with 34 CFR Section 668.51. Schools shall require applicants selected for verification to submit acceptable documentation that will be verified or updated to determine the applicant's expected family contribution in accordance with 34 CFR Section 668.56.

Condition

During our test work over the Student Financial Aid Cluster, we selected a sample of 60 students selected for verification. Within our sample, we noted 3 instances in which income was not properly verified by University personnel and subsequently updated on the students' ISIR.

Cause

Additional information was received by the student financial aid office subsequent to the initial verification. At that time, each student's ISIR was not properly updated to reflect the change.

Questioned Cost

Total overawards to students totaled $1,150.

Effect

Noncompliance could result in failure to properly perform verification procedures in accordance with federal guidelines.

Recommendation

We recommend that the University strengthen its processes and controls in place to help ensure that information subject to verification is properly supported and updated on each applicant's ISIR if necessary.

Management Response

Management concurs with the finding. These errors were caused by increasing workloads within the Office of Student Financial Aid resulting from recent enrollment increases and additional regulatory requirements of administering financial aid funds. Financial Aid Office staff are fully and appropriately trained in the verification process. Management will initiate a thorough review of its internal controls over the verification process to determine if certain controls should be revised or additional controls should be added. As part of that review, staffing levels will be analyzed to ensure that they are adequate to ensure compliance with verification requirements.

Finding Status

Corrective action was taken. The finding is fully corrected as of September 30, 2013.

UNIVERSITY OF SOUTH ALABAMA
(A Component Unit of the State of Alabama)
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings
Year ended September 30, 2013

Finding No. 2013-02 Allowable Costs / Activities Allowed

Federal Agency:

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services

CFDA Number:

11.617

Program:

Congressionally Identified Projects

Project Title:

University of South Alabama Engineering and Science Center

Award Number:

60NANB8D8120

Award Years:

May 1, 2008 through April 30, 2013

Criteria

OMB Circular A-21 (A-21) establishes principles for determining the costs applicable to activities performed by educational institutions under grants, contracts, and other agreements with the Federal Government. In accordance with A-21, direct costs charged to Federal grants must be for allowable costs.

Condition

During our testwork related to the Congressionally Identified Projects Program, we noted that certain costs charged to these grants were unallowable. The amount of costs determined to be unallowable was $1,581,461, which related to moveable equipment that was not an allowable cost under the grant. The University reversed the charges to this grant before the fiscal year end and therefore, these amounts are not included on the Schedule of Federal Awards for the year ended September 30, 2012. Total program costs after the unallowable costs were reversed totaled $8,692,186 for the year ended September 30, 2012.

Questioned Costs

$1,581,461

Context

The grant documents did not allow moveable equipment to be charged to the Federal grant.

Cause and Effect

Management of the University was unaware that moveable equipment was being charged to the grant. The construction management company that manages the University's major construction projects processed these as allowable costs. Appropriate internal controls were not in place at the University that would identify such an oversight by the construction management company. As a result, Federal funds were originally charged to the grant for unallowable purposes.

Recommendation

We recommend that the University strengthen its processes and internal controls to ensure that costs charged to the grant are allowable under the related grant agreement.

Management Response

Management concurs with the finding. As noted earlier, the University contracts with a construction management company to manage its construction projects and process all related accounting documentation. University accounting management was of the understanding that all employees of this company that were involved in this process were adequately trained not only in University accounting procedures but also in federal regulations with respect to allowable and unallowable costs. As such, too much reliance was placed on the ability of the company to determine the ultimate treatment of certain construction charges.

Effective immediately upon learning of this situation, additional procedures were put into place whereby all charges to construction grants for projects managed by the contractor are also being reviewed by the office of grants and contracts accounting personnel. Additionally, periodic meetings are held between University compliance and company personnel to discuss potential unallowable charges on an ongoing basis. Management is of the opinion that these additional layers of control will ensure that unallowable charges will no longer be made to federally funded construction projects.

Finding Status

Corrective action was taken. The finding is fully corrected as of September 30, 2013.